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PRINCESS ELIZABETH'S BETROTHAL October Wedding Predicted: Announcement Promised Philip Drives To The Palace

London, July 9.
The engagement of Princess Elizabeth, heir presumptive, and Lieutenant Philip Mountbatten, former Prince Philip of Greece, will be officially announced shortly, Reuter learned on good authority in London today.
The wedding, it was stated, would not take place before October at the earliest.

Earlier newspaper reports of an engagement announcement had made London society and British popular opinion agree today for the fifth time since the Princess came officially of age three years ago.
Interest has heightened on this occasion by the unusual working of the customary official statement disclaiming the press forecast.
"The King," said an official statement from the Royal Court at Buckingham Palace, "has not yet authorised any statement to be made about the engagement of the Princess. If the King decides to make a statement, it will be through the usual channels."

The appearance of the words "yet" and "official" have aroused the speculation that there might be something in the story that the Royal nuptials would be formally announced this week.
Previous details have been worded carefully to say that the couple were not engaged, but the Palace has refused to be drawn into betting the ultimate possibility of the match.

Romantic Figure
The story of the engagement rumors goes back to 1943, when American newspapers freely linked the Princess with two young Guards Officers, with whom she frequently went dancing—Lord Hugh Fitzroy, Earl of Euston, and Charles Manners, the Duke of Rutland, the latter since married.
Prince Philip's name first came up in late 1945 in the form of reports through Greek Monarchist circles. Notwithstanding an immediate refutation by the King's private secretary, Sir Alan Lascelles, the story gained strength in popular discussion, mainly because of the news value of the Prince himself.
As a cousin of King George of the Hellenes, second cousin to King George VI, and a nephew of Lord Mountbatten, the handsome young naval lieutenant became a figure of romance.

Lieutenant Mountbatten is at present a member of the Greek Orthodox Church but it is probable that in due course he will be received into the Church of England and it may follow that a British peerage will be conferred on him.
The Privy Council met recently and it is not thought that a further meeting would be necessary if an announcement of the engagement were to be made.

Many Preliminaries
Some well-informed people were expecting the official announcement as early as tonight or tomorrow morning. The wedding at Westminster Abbey could hardly take place before October owing to the many preliminaries that would be necessary.
One formality which would have to be gone through would be the obtaining of the assent of Parliament to the marriage.
Immediately on the engagement of the heiress presumptive to the throne, adjustments would be made in the civil list. At present the Princess receives £25,000 a year. On her marriage, this would be raised probably to £60,000.

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BIG ROUND-UP IN ATHENS

Athens, July 9.
The Government announced today that it has arrested 1,500 Leftists including Dimitrios Partisaidas, secretary general of EAM, after receiving information that the Communists and EAM were planning an uprising in Athens and Piraeus within 24 hours.
The roundup began early this morning and is continuing.—United Press.

Won't Have 'Em As A Gift

New York, July 8.
Admiral William Blandy, who directed the Bikini atom bomb tests, laughingly disclaimed any connection between the Pacific experiment and the flying saucers mystery.
Admiral Blandy said: "We have been blamed for everything, including the weather, but I'm surprised to find the Bikini test take a year to develop a flying saucer."

Now Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic Fleet, Admiral Blandy said of the flying discs, "I do not believe they exist."—United Press.

Identified

Fort Worth, Texas, July 9.
The object reported by Roswell Army Airfield to be a flying disc has been identified by a Fort Worth Army Airfield Weather officer as a weather balloon.—Associated Press.

AIR CRASH IN PACIFIC

Honolulu, July 9.
An Army surgeon and four medical personnel flew 1,000 miles from Oahu to the tiny Palmyra atoll on Tuesday to give emergency aid to the injured crew of a 7th Airforce C-46 which crashed on a coral reef on Monday.
On man lost an arm and a leg when the ship crashed 30 seconds after taking off for Oahu. The others on board are suffering from shock.
The Palmyra message asking for help was picked up by an amateur radio operator 4,000 miles away in Audubon, New Jersey, who relayed instructions from a physician for emergency treatment.—Associated Press.

Vetter To Marry English Girl

London, July 8.
Werner Vetter, 22-year-old German prisoner of war sentenced to a year's imprisonment for "illegally consorting" with a British girl, is to be freed and allowed to marry the girl who is the mother of his child.

It was announced in the House of Commons today that British women will henceforth be allowed to marry German prisoners of war.
After the War Secretary Mr. F. J. Bellenger had stated he could not make a statement about Vetter because the findings of the Military Court had not yet reached the War Office, members of the Parliament pressed Mr. George Oliver, Under-Secretary to the Home Office, to announce an immediate application of the new license to marry to the jailed prisoner of war.
Laughter and cheers all but drowned Mr. Oliver's words as he announced that steps would be taken immediately to see that Vetter got the full benefit of the new regulations.
Five members of Parliament had tabled questions protesting the severity of his sentence.
His girl-friend is 21-year-old Olive Reynolds, of Northeast London. After the marriage, she will lose her British nationality and will have to be content to live apart from her husband, who will get no concessions because he is married to an English girl.

JORDAN ROAD SMASH

A Chinese pedestrian was killed and a ricksha coiled in a motor accident in Jordan Road last evening.
At about 7:00 p.m., a private car No. 1950, driven by Mrs. E. Robertson, of 13 Playing Field Road, was travelling from the Ferry along Nathan Road and in turning into Jordan Road, knocked over a ricksha coiled and then a pedestrian. The pedestrian was instantly killed while the ricksha coiler was admitted to Kowloon Hospital with slight injuries.

Loch Ness Monster Keeps His End Up

Inverness, July 8.
If the American flying saucer epidemic is a plot to keep the tourist trade away from the Loch Ness monster, then it has failed. J. W. McKillop, county clerk of Inverness-Shire reported triumphantly today.
All hotels are filled and every day countless numbers of eyes are trained on the 21-mile Loch, the deepest in Scotland, to see if the celebrated monster will break the surface.

McKillop said: "These flying saucers are a passing fancy for the moment only. The monster, on the other hand, has been attracting visitors here almost 1,400 years."
"Long after the flying saucers have gone the way of the strange lights over Scandinavia last year, the people will be thronging to look over the original monster or his descendants," he said.
McKillop saw the monster last on April 5—just as the tourist season was getting off to a slow start.
"He was about half a mile out," he recounted to hopeful visitors.
"It was clear and fine and calm, just the weather he likes. Then I saw a terrific turmoil on the waters and a vast body began to churn across the Loch at a great speed after which it disappeared in the holl of the water."

Mass Hypnosis
McKillop says he is convinced that the flying saucers are some form of mass hypnosis, nothing even remotely tangible as the barrel-shaped body, horned head, tusked chin and eyes as big as the wheels of an automobile which reputedly make up the Loch Ness monster.
McKillop said, "Besides, these saucer things in the air give the people cricks in the neck. Now, visitors to Loch Ness can sit in comfort at waterside hotels and quaff cooling liquids until the monster appears."—United Press.

New 'War' In Pacific

Melbourne, July 8.
According to press reports reaching Melbourne from Townsville, American airmen from the Solomon Islands reported that Malaitian Islanders declared war on the British settlement at Guadalcanal.
These Islanders, say these reports, landed from their canoes on July 8, armed with spears and blowpipes.
The trouble, say the airmen, started a week ago when the British settlement received supplies of flour and rice while the inhabitants of the other areas were subsisting on fish and coconuts.—Reuter.

Wealthy German Sentenced

Manila, July 9.
The Fourth Division People's Court today found Ernest Berg, wealthy German-born Manila citizen, guilty of treason and sentenced him to life imprisonment.
Berg, a business man, and a naturalized Filipino citizen, was also fined US\$7,500.
Judge Emilio Rilloraza ruled that, accused by selling war essentials to the Japanese and playing the Swedish flag had "openly betrayed his legally adopted country—the Philippines."—Associated Press.

London, July 9.
Princess Katherine of Greece arrived in England on Tuesday by plane with her husband Major Richard Brandram, British Army Officer now stationed in Cairo.
They arrived from Amsterdam and are to visit Major Brandram's parents at their home in Kent.—Associated Press.

Czech Mission To Moscow

Prague, July 9.
The Foreign Office spokesman today announced that a Czech delegation, headed by Prime Minister Klement Gottwald and Foreign Minister Jan Masaryk, left Ruzvick airport at 5.30 a.m. GMT for conferences in Moscow.

A communique said the delegation would discuss a "broadening of economic relations between Czechoslovakia and the USSR and also certain other questions falling within the framework of relations between two allies."

"There was little doubt that 'certain other questions' included the Marshall plan which threatens a East-West split, arising out of the failure of the Paris conference and the new conference on July 12, at which Czechoslovakia will be present but the USSR will not."

Meanwhile it was learned that on Sunday Czechoslovakia received a "highly detailed memorandum" from Soviet Foreign Minister Molotov explaining the Russians' reasons for refusing to accept the Anglo-French proposals at Paris.

The memorandum was in the hands of the cabinet presidium before it met on Monday afternoon and decided to accept the invitation to the July 12 conference in Paris on the Marshall plan.

The Foreign Office spokesman said: "There was no question of pressure on either for or against Czechoslovakia's participation in the conference—the memorandum was merely an exposition of Russia's own position."—United Press.

Rumania Refuses

Bucharest, July 9.
A special meeting of the Rumanian Cabinet today declined to accept the invitation to the Paris Marshall plan conference. The decision was taken without vote and no reason was given.
At the same session it was decided that Rumania would apply for membership in the United Nations Organisation.—United Press.

New Deal For The Menfolk

London, July 9.
Sir Stafford Cripps, President of the Board of Trade, forecast today a stepping up of Britain's exports of textiles and a better deal for British men who, he said, "are very short of clothes."

Sir Stafford, who was addressing the annual conference of the National Union of Tailors and Garment Workers, said that increased exports of British textiles were "an absolute vital need if we are to be able to continue to import enough food and raw materials to keep the country going."
"In every case we would prefer to send something abroad rather than cloth or yarn, but of course that must depend upon what our customers are prepared to take," he added.

The men's wear section of Britain's clothing industry was "acutely short of material and men are very short of clothes," Sir Stafford, who is the minister in charge of the nation's clothes rationing, continued.
"The women—as usual—seem to have got away with it at the expense of the mere man," he said. "But we are going to take the man's side for the moment as we think that justice points that way, and we are not going to encourage what is a wrong distribution of cloth to the detriment of men's wear."—Reuter.

Moscow, July 9.
A Tass News Agency dispatch broadcast by Radio Moscow today branded as "routine fabrication" of "Chinese reactionaries" charges that Soviet troops occupied a city in Sinkiang province.—United Press.

Nationalist Success In Shantung

Nanking, July 9.
Government troops yesterday completed the capture of Kaomi, 60 miles northwest of Tsingtao after several hours of street fighting.

Government dispatches received today stated that the Nationalist forces advancing from Kiohien, 20 miles east of Kaomi, crossed the Ye'low River on July 7, entered the city yesterday and completed its capture after street fighting with the Communist garrison.

The object of the advancing Government forces is the clearing of the Communists from the Taitung-Tainan railway. Late dispatches today also reported the Government's capture of Tungtien, the Communist supply base, 27 miles north of Ishui in central Shantung.

Dr. Hollington Tong, Director of the Government Information Office, told a press conference that in west Shantung, the Communists are advancing on Tainan and Fohaiien.

Press reports today said that 20,000 Communists are engaged in the Tainan assault. Dr. Tong predicted new activity in Manchuria.

"The Communists are regrouping their forces, obviously in preparation for fresh attacks," he stated.—Reuter.

FORGERY CHARGE

For fraudulently obtaining \$3,000 by virtue of a forged document, to wit, a cheque, purporting to have been signed by Gertrude Spencer and well knowing the same to be a forgery, John Love Spencer, 12 was remanded three days in police custody by Mr. F. X. d'Almeida at the Central Magistracy yesterday.
D. S. Gordon is in charge of the case.

Big Claim Against H.K. Government

A claim amounting to more than HK\$20,000,000 has been filed with the Hong Kong Government by the Chinese Ministry of Communications, the China Mail learned yesterday.

The claim has been made in respect of rolling stock, iron rails and sleepers which, it was said, the local authorities requisitioned during the emergency period before the outbreak of the Pacific War.

The local office of the Chinese Ministry of Communications said that the goods were purchased by the Ministry through Messrs. Jardine, Matheson, and Company, Limited. They added that the claim has been filed with the Ministry's Shanghai office as the Chinese officials who were in Hong Kong at the time of the requisition were now in the northern port and better acquainted with the situation.

They said that the claim has been forwarded to the Hong Kong Government through the Shanghai office of Jardine's.

CIVIL SERVICE ALLOWANCES

The allowances for Hong Kong civil servants published in yesterday's China Mail are a temporary measure pending consideration of the report of the Salaries Commission, it was officially learned yesterday.

Requisitioning Rumours

Nanking, July 9.
The Chinese government is planning to requisition and collect in taxes approximately 3,000,000 tons of rice during the year, starting October 1, on the basis of estimates furnished during a conference on the general mobilisation order.
Besides rice purchased through military requisition and collection of tax in kind, additional grain will be collected through a supplementary tax, details of which are not available.

The Executive Yuan is said to have approved a four point programme providing for more effective conscription, an improved system of taxation, careful maintenance of the fundamental spirit of the new constitution and the protection of the people's rights.—Associated Press.

Chungking Disaster

Nanking, July 9.
Reports from Chungking said that more than 100 workers were buried under debris when a new theatre under construction suddenly collapsed early yesterday morning.
It was feared that most of the workers were killed, but thus far only 40 bodies had been dug out.
The impact of the most of the levelled three nearby shops, killing six women and children.—United Press.

THE WEATHER

Pressure remains moderately high SE of Japan and over Borneo and low over Burma and Indo-China. A depression is moving E across Hokkaido. A tropical depression is moving NNE across Kyushu.
Today's Weather—Light or moderate SE winds; mainly cloudy with showers, chiefly during the morning.
Yesterday's Weather:
Maximum: 84.5 deg. Fah.
Minimum: 73.0 deg. Fah.
Sunshine: 3.3 hours.
Rainfall: 0.7 mm. = 0.01 inch. Total since Jan. 1—154 mm. as against an average of 1068.6 mm.
Readings at:
10 a.m. 4 p.m.
Baro. at sea level: 1012.0 1008.8 mb.
Equal: 30.37 30.10 inches.
Rel. Humidity: 67 87 %
Dew Point: 76 78 deg. F.
Wind Direction: E E
Wind Force: 8 7 knots.

INDIA VIOLENCE

Calcutta, July 9.
New outbreaks of communal violence in Calcutta and the United Provinces have caused at least 74 deaths and more than 140 injured.
Dispatches from Lucknow said 35 refugees in a bus were killed. The toll of dead in Hindu-Muslim rioting which began here Monday rose to 30.—Associated Press.

GRAND SUMMER SALE

FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY
FROM WEDNESDAY - JULY 9

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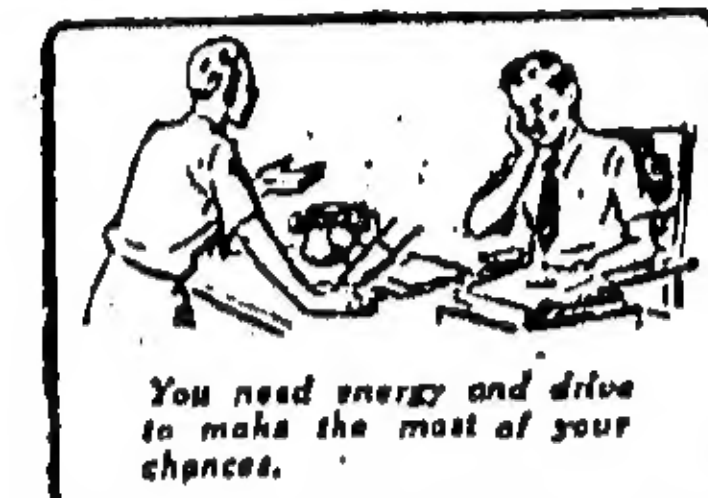
Feeling tired and weak?
Your diet needs this
extra goodness.



When you feel tired and weak, without enthusiasm for work and play, the rich nourishment contained in Horlicks will soon build you up again.

All energy, doctors say, comes from the food we eat. If the diet contains all essential nourishing elements there is balanced building with renewed energy and vitality. But in the present time of scarcity we may often lack these essential elements.

Horlicks contains all the goodness of full-cream cows' milk to which has been added the rich energizing nourishment extracted from malted barley and wheat. Horlicks can be made with water only—the milk is in it. A drink of Horlicks every day will fortify your diet and will help to build up the reserves of energy and vitality, on need.



The Doctor Says—
YOU MUST BUILD UP YOUR
RESERVES OF ENERGY, AS
A SUPPLEMENT TO YOUR DIET.
HORLICKS
WILL GIVE YOU THE
EXTRA NOURISHMENT
YOU NEED.



WHAT HORLICKS IS

Horlicks is made from pure full-cream cows' milk plus the nutritive extracts of malted barley and wheat. It is a complete food containing body-building and energizing foods in proportions necessary for normal nutrition. Horlicks is 100% nourishment.



Horlicks can be obtained at all good dispensaries and provision stores—take home a bottle today.

Take
HORLICKS and Build up
your Energy

W. S. SHERLY & CO., Kayamally Bldg.

DO YOU STILL RECOGNISE ME?

Women Give Evidence Against Jap. Gendarmes

Central Police Station Case

Mrs. Chester Bennett, who testified before No. 7 War Crimes Court yesterday at the trial of four Japanese Gendarmes, members of the Western Gendarmery Headquarters staff, repeatedly broke down and wept as she related her experiences while detained at the Central Police Station during the Japanese regime.

Mrs. Pong Sau-ying, whose husband was executed by the Japanese, also broke down and wept bitterly after she had challenged Matsuyama with the question: "Do you still recognize me?"

The four accused, Capt. Ushiyama Yukio, Sgt. Major Ishiyama Kakue, Sgt. Major Morino Sukeo and Sgt. Major Matsuyama Hiroshi are charged with the ill-treatment of prisoners in custody at Western Gendarmery Headquarters causing death to some and physical sufferings to others.

Dr. S. S. Ramler, a medical practitioner who was arrested on May 16, 1944 and detained at the Central Police Station, said that he was beaten by a Japanese Gendarme named Komino.

After being detained for about 27 days, he was made to attend to both Gendarmes and prisoners.

Dr. Ramler said that he treated several Chinese prisoners who suffered from burns, bruises, abrasions and exhaustion. It was obvious that the prisoners had been subjected to torture. Dr. Ramler said that he also attended prisoners who suffered from beri beri and scabies.

Child Born

Dr. Ramler testified that on one occasion no sanitary provision was made in respect of a Chinese woman prisoner who gave birth to a child in the cells. He had previously warned the Japanese that confinement would take place in a few hours, but no notice was taken of the warning. The child died the next morning.

Mrs. Chester Bennett, who was then called, said that she

Coming Events

July 11—Peak Tramways annual meeting, noon.
July 16—Wm. Powell, Ltd. annual meeting, noon.

Round-Up Of Wanchai Women

Cheung Shiu Lai and 10 other women, pleaded guilty before Mr. F. X. d'Almeida at the Central Magistracy yesterday and were bound over in the sum of \$50 for 12 months, when charged with unlawfully loitering in a public place to wit, Hennessy Road near Fenwick Street at about 9.00 p.m. on July 7 so as to obstruct the sun.

A.S.P. Haig Brown related at about 9.00 p.m. on July 7, Inspector Penfold, of the H.K.E.U. accompanied by Military Police, visited the area and found the women loitering and causing an obstruction.

A.S.P. Haig Brown added that he suspected there was something behind it and that a racket of some sort was going on. In his opinion, the women were under the protection of someone who permitted them to stand in various spots, charging them \$1, \$5 and \$10 per night.

The girls before their Worshipful Judge said "are of the \$10 variety."

The 3rd and 5th defendants, from our records, prove to have been arrested before but they were not charged but were given a warning by the police.

Another batch of eight women were also brought before the Court. These were arrested in a different locality and on their pleading guilty, the same decision was announced.

A.S.P. Haig Brown, interviewed by the "China Mail" said, in June he arrested 66 girls and in July 54. Some of those charged had been previously arrested, but were not brought to court.

Girls of this type when arrested, have their photographs and finger prints taken. In spite of that, some when arrested give different names and addresses.

Personalia

Passengers for Manila in yesterday's PAL airliner included: Mr. Y. Wong, Mr. K. Chiu, Mr. Y. Ko, Mr. T. Lai, Mrs. M. Woon, Mr. K. L. Ting, Mr. T. Ch. Sy, Mr. A. Ng, Mr. K. O. So, Mr. T. Ly, Mr. K. Dy, Mr. L. G. Ferri, Mrs. M. P. Valdez.

Arrivals from Shanghai by PAL craft yesterday included: Mr. Y. O. Dos Remedios, Mr. R. M. J. Jacob, Mr. J. Barakat, Mr. N. P. Highway, Mr. R. Perkins, Mr. M. Ying, Mr. E. Sucker, Mr. G. Fuert, Mrs. H. Fier, Mr. L. Pirola, Miss P. Ting, Mr. J. Deschodt.

Mr. J. E. Langford and Mr. T. C. Lamb are among new residents at the Peninsula Hotel, Mr. C. A. Yell and Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Nevin, Jr. have left the hotel.

Among passengers who left for Shanghai yesterday by the s.s. "Shanghai" were Mr. and Mrs. Stocks, Mrs. T. Brown, Mrs. Brusset, and Messrs. J. S. Wooley, C. P. Woldenthaler, C. I. Brisebeck, K. Ashdown and Mr. Arkenso.

Omar said that he was subsequently taken out blindfolded to Stanley early one morning, where he witnessed the execution of Chinese prisoners on the beach.

Describing sanitary conditions in the cells at Central Police Station, Omar said that they were "horrible" and that mosquitoes were plentiful.

He received two small rice balls each day. They were wrapped up in white paper and prisoners were required to make cups with the paper for drinking purposes. Omar said that he went without water for the

first two or three days because he did not know how to make the cups.

Hearing will continue this morning.

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Court Orders Immediate Eviction

A strong objection to any extension being granted the tenants of 54 and 55 Haiphong Road, raised by Mr. George Fish of the Building Authority, resulted in Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr making an order for the premises to be evacuated immediately, after having tentatively agreed to defence solicitor's application for 14 days' stay of execution.

Mr. Fish, who was in Court in connection with another case, voiced his objection after Mr. Wm. C. Hung, solicitor for the landlord (the Procurator in Hong Kong for the Dominican Mission), and Mr. A. S. C. Comber, solicitor for the defendants, had agreed that the occupants of the ground floors, a bookseller's store, should be permitted to remain on the premises for a fortnight.

Mr. Comber, who contested the summons at a previous hearing, stated yesterday that he was consenting to the order and asked His Worship to make an order for the removal of the ground floor tenants, the Wing Woo Store, within a certain time.

Having a large stock of books, said Mr. Comber, it would be extremely difficult for these people to evacuate immediately as it would be next to impossible to find alternative premises. They have nowhere to store their stock, went on Mr. Comber, who added that his clients were prepared to take the risk of the building collapsing on top of them.

"My clients," said Mr. Comber, "prefer death that way to death by starvation through being deprived of their means of livelihood."

Mr. Hung stated that, while he could give no definite undertaking, he was confident that his client would be prepared to agree to the necessary extension as the ground floors were not in a very dangerous condition. The tenants of the upper floors, he said, would have to remove as the Building Authority had instructed the landlord to effect certain repairs to the buildings.

It was at this stage that Mr. Fish rose to object to any extension being granted. The people, he said, had had several months to do what was required but had not complied with the requirements. The premises, he asserted, "are dangerous."

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TWO KINDS OF BUTTER

Mr. Han, a visiting Chinese millionaire, has been a bit of a problem to Sydney restaurateurs. A devout Buddhist, he can't eat meat, eggs, fat—or anything cooked in fat.

At one meal two waitresses and a cook tried to convince him that his vegetables were cooked in butter.

"Perhaps Hong Kong butter different to Sydney butter," he said sceptically.

Mr. Han was taken to a Sydney nightspot. "This first-class place Sydney?" he asked in a loud voice.

"Yes," said his embarrassed host.

"Fourth-class place Shanghai?" said Mr. Han.

Court Visits Scene Of Crime

Sir Henry Blackall, the Chief Justice, members of the Jury, counsel, Court Interpreters and Police together with Nu Wie Chun who is accused of the murder of a fellow watchman Ni Tsan Sang, visited the scene of the murder at the Standard Oil Company installations at Laichikok yesterday morning.

Wu is alleged to have shot Ni as a result of a quarrel. He is defended by Mr. J. M. d'Almeida Ramelios while Mr. A. J. Clifford is for the Crown.

Wong Yuen-chung, a watchman, said that on the evening of May 3 he saw accused taking down a board on which a notice forbidding gambling had been posted, and threw it to the ground. The deceased came up shortly after.

A little later Wong heard a shot and as he got up saw deceased running to his quarters. He then heard a second shot. Out in the yard he saw deceased's wife, struggling with the accused who had a rifle in his hand. On his approaching accused, the latter threatened to shoot him.

Another watchman, Wong Po-wan, said that in spite of accused's threat to shoot he went to assist deceased's wife. The gun was taken away from accused by a policeman.

Further hearing was adjourned until this morning.

WAR MEMORIAL FUND

Subscriptions received on July 9, 1947:

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, N.V. \$2,000.00
Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger (Extreme-Orient) S.A. 2,000.00
Mr. & Mrs. M. W. Lo 500.00
Mr. & Mrs. M. H. Lo 500.00
Mr. & Mrs. A. C. Ellis 100.00
Mr. & Mrs. A. C. Ellis (in memory of the late Mrs. E. Wild) 25.00
Mr. F. L. Davidson 100.00
Mr. Francis R. L. Carey 100.00
Mr. & Mrs. A. Tuckia 25.00
Mr. Poo Ping-kwan 50.00
The Chinese Staff of the Consulate, Hong Kong 20.00
Shak Wing \$20.00
Hong Kwok \$20.00
Pui Shu Chong \$20.00
Tat Hung \$20.00
Chan Kwok Ying \$20.00
Wong Tai \$20.00
Chan Fuk Him \$20.00
Ng Sik Hay \$5.00
Chong Chung Hong \$5.00
Pun Shing Fat \$5.00
Ip Kiu \$5.00
Lee Yuen \$5.00
Wong \$10.00
Cheng To \$5.00
Leung King Hin \$5.00
Chun Ming Fai \$5.00
Chan Wai Ming \$5.00
Sim Ping Kiat \$5.00
Hu Wa Yuen \$5.00
Kui Hui Sung \$2.00
Chak Tai Kwong \$5.00

Total \$5,010.00
H.K. Govt. Contribution 5,010.00
Received to 8/7/47 1,059,927.86

Grand Total \$1,071,157.86

BAIL FORFEITED

Bail of \$500 was forfeited by Hau Chu, 65, at Kowloon yesterday when he failed to appear before Mr. Latimer to answer a charge of possession of 3.5 tael of raw opium and 1.5 ounce of prepared opium at 125 Woosung Street second floor, on July 8.

Accused was arrested by RO Power when the premises were raided.

Green Horror

Sir, Supporting Green Horror's statement in today's issue of the China Mail, also with reference to an article entitled "Tokugawa Sentence—Surprise" may I, through the medium of your paper, quote hereunder an extract of the ultimatum issued by Churchill, Truman and Chiang Kai-shek on July 26th 1945, should the authorities responsible for the commutation of the two locally convicted swine, fail to realize what it was to be in a Jap. P.O.W. Camp?

"We do not intend that the Japanese shall be enslaved as a race nor destroyed as a nation, but stern justice will be meted out to ALL war criminals, including those who have visited cruelties upon our PRISONERS."

(Underlined for italics mine)
O Athenians, why did you condemn Socrates?

RICE BALL.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

The Foreign Office held a memorial service late yesterday at a Chinese funeral parlour in honour of Kuangson Young and seven other members of the Manila Consular staff and Sao Huan-let, Consul in Sandakan, who were murdered by the Japanese during the war.

The Foreign Minister, Wang Shih-chieh, officiated at the ceremony and said that the Japanese execution of diplomatic representatives was a disgrace in modern civilization. The service was attended by Premiers Chang Chun and other leaders, Yu Ku-jun, Wu Te-chen, Kun Nal-kuang, Hollington Tong, Liu Shih-shun, George Yeh, and the entire Foreign Office staff—United Press.

Bathing Tragedy

The Castle Peak bathing tragedy of June 29 was recalled yesterday when the burial of Louis da Silva, son of Mr. and Mrs. Marcelino da Silva of No. 74A, Nathan Road, took place at the Catholic Cemetery. The Rev. Fr. J. M. Merino, officiated. Besides his parents and brother Peter, the scouts of 10th Hongkong Group, Boy Scouts, and many friends of the family were present.

POP

POP

POP

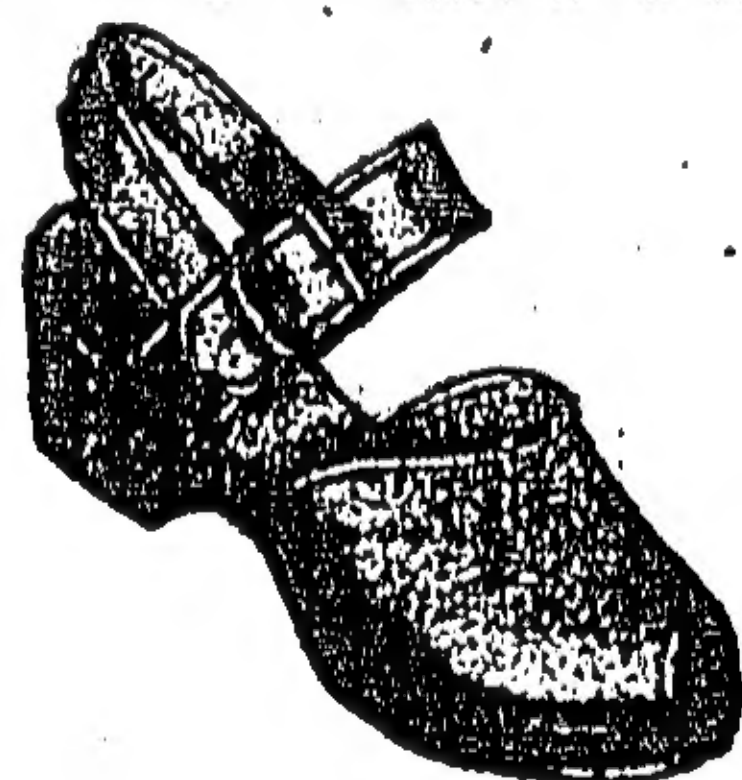
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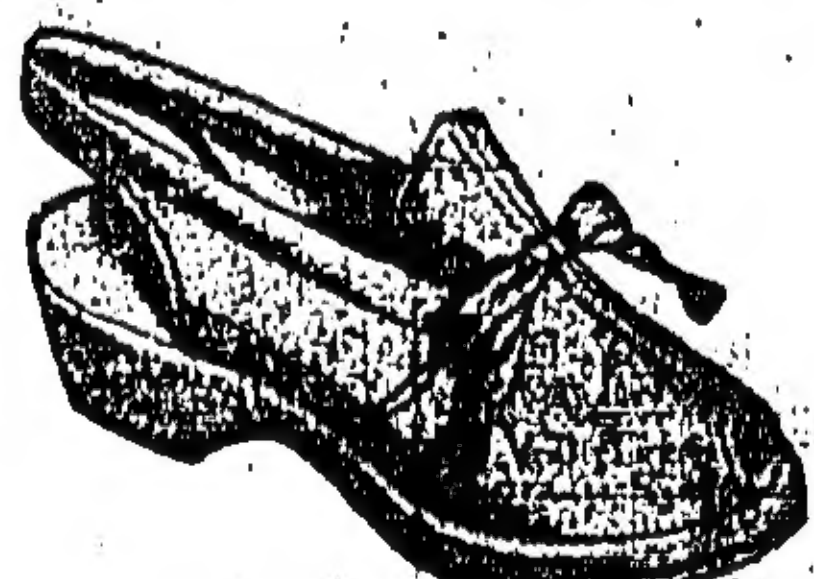
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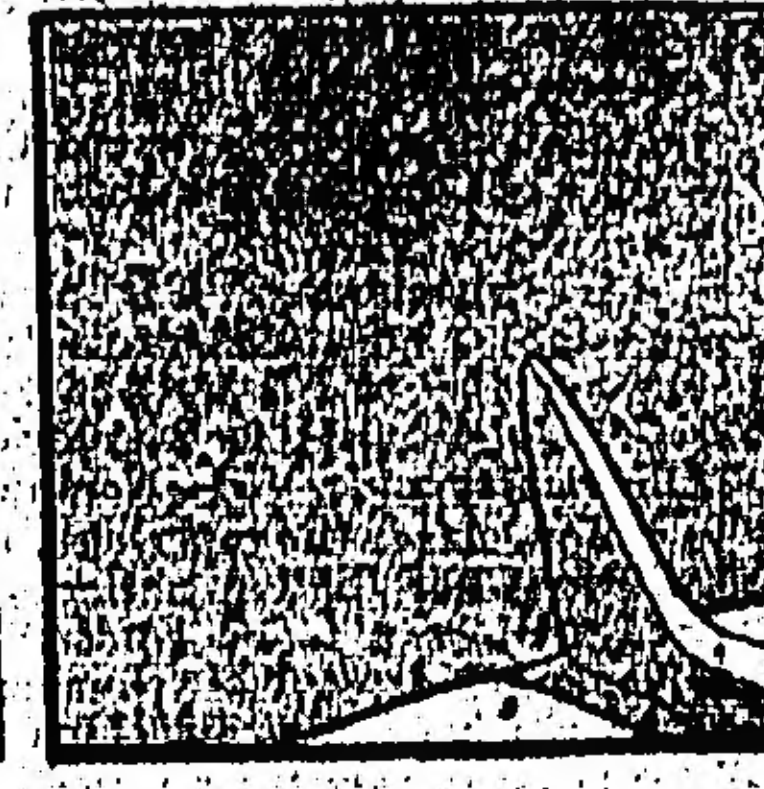
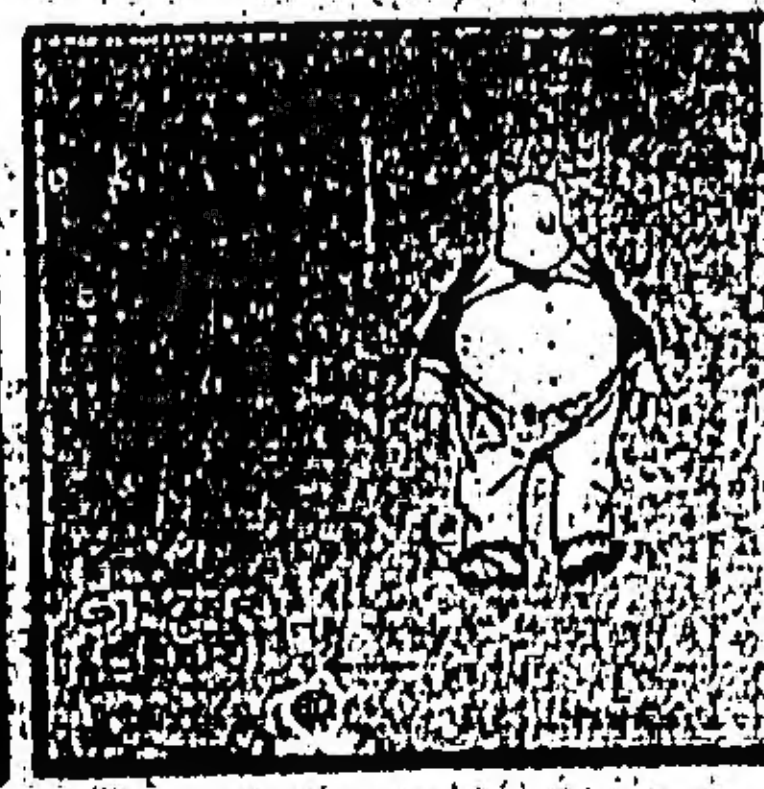
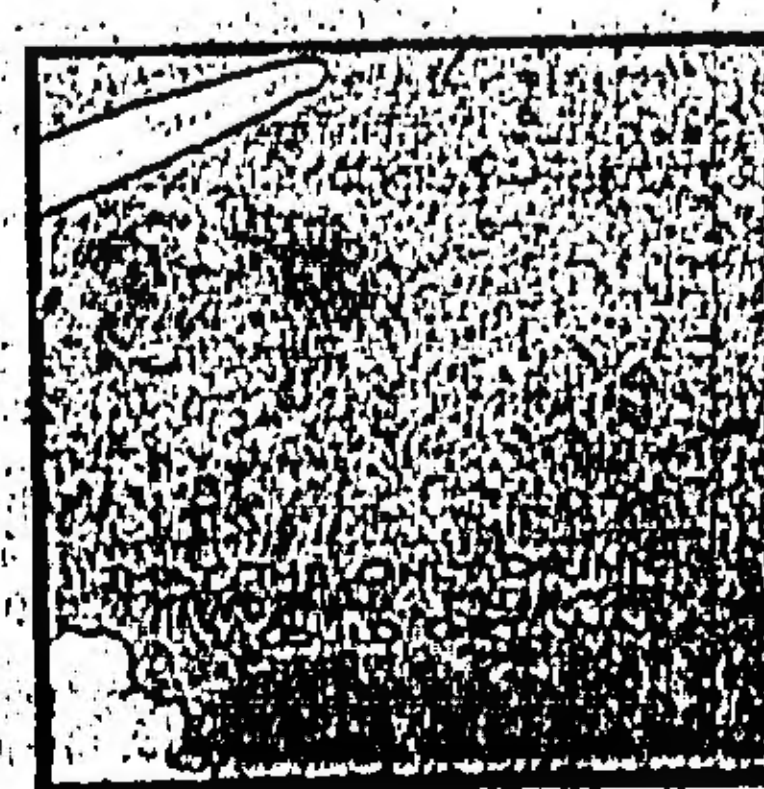
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LUEN FONG INDUSTRIAL CO., 189, Johnston Rd., Wanchai.

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NEW AUSTERITY PROGRAMME

Britain's Latest Cuts May Yet Be Heavier

Sharp Criticism By Mr. Eden

London, July 8. Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, frankly warned the House of Commons today that Britain's drastic shortage of dollars might give her no other alternative but to slash her imports to 25 per cent below the level now contemplated in the new austerity import programme.

"The Government is quite clear, having given deep and prolonged thought to this matter, that they should not impose cuts of a scale which would require a drastic adjustment of our standard of living until it is perfectly clear and certain that this is the only course," he declared.

But he made it clear that "we cannot indefinitely go on importing what we cannot pay for." If Britain was forced to take this step it would be "a tragically bad day" for Europe and for the world's hopes of prosperity.

Mr. Morrison was speaking in a debate initiated by Mr. Anthony Eden, acting leader of the Opposition, and former Foreign Secretary, on the British import programme for the year 1947-1948.

Everything hinged on production, Mr. Morrison declared. "Not only Britain but the world must produce or perish."

"If the producers of the world do not increase their production more quickly in the next three or four years, the whole opportunity of building a tolerable civilisation may be lost."

Time is all important," Mr. Eden, in opening the debate, had welcomed the Marshall plan of economic aid to Europe as possibly the only means by which an economic catastrophe could be avoided.

No Shirkings

Warning the Government not to make the offer an excuse for shirkings the facts, Mr. Eden branded the cuts in imports of tobacco, petrol and newsprint, proposed by the Chancellor of the Exchequer as "utterly inadequate" to bridge the gap in Britain's balance of payments. These he estimated had been running at a total rate of something like £700,000,000 a year.

Coal Vital

Referring to the vital factor of coal production, Mr. Eden said that one thing the nation would never forgive was another fuel crisis in the coming winter, and exports could not be increased on the present coal target estimate of 200,000,000 tons.

Mr. Eden said that the proposed cut in the import of newsprint as being not only a negligible saving but as making it almost impossible to give the fullest information about the urgent problems now facing the country. — Reuter.

Nothing Left

Mr. Anthony Eden, opening the debate, warned that the United States and Canadian loans will

ILLEGAL ENTRY

Mainila, July 9. The Chinese Minister to the Philippines, Chen Chih-ping, conferred with President Manuel Roxas yesterday on the question of illegal entry of Chinese citizens into the Philippines.

The Chinese Minister offered his help in remedying violations of immigration rules. — United Press.

run out by the end of the year "and there will be nothing left for us except our gold reserve and free exchange."

He sharply criticized Dr. Dalton's proposed limitations of imports as inadequate.

"If we were to try now and live on the result of what we export I calculate we would have to eliminate all tobacco, all petroleum products, all newsprint, all consumer goods, and at least half our food imports," he said.

He warned that the Marshall Plan was no cure-all for Britain's ills.

"Our concern at this moment should be with our own activities, our own responsibilities and what we are going to do to help ourselves."

"If this Marshall offer should encourage continuation of our present wholly artificial basis for refusing to face facts, then the breathing space it may give us will prove to be rather less than a blessing."

Mr. Eden said the purpose of the debate was to clarify certain Government statements, particularly discrepancies between the statements last week of Dr. Dalton and the Food Minister, John Strachey.

No Resemblance

He said the statements "bore no resemblance to each other" in that Dr. Dalton stressed the critical import situation and Mr. Strachey said food imports were assured.

Mr. Eden said Dr. Dalton's figures showed a deficit of between £350,000,000 and £400,000,000 in imports as compared to exports and said, "This deficit is a very serious figure."

"In the Chancellor's own statement, he admits Government's previous export estimate of a 40 per cent increase over the 1939 volume cannot be reached until the middle of 1948... while our total adverse balance of payment is admitted serious enough, the problem of dollars is even more grave. This will be no less true if sterling becomes freely available on the current account after July 15... the most recent figures Government issued show our total adverse payment balance running at a rate like £700,000,000 a year. The rate of drawing on American and Canadian credit lines appears running recently at about £900,000,000 a year. At that rate, the Canadian and United States credits seem unlikely to last much beyond the end of this year."

Mr. Eden said there was an additional deficit of about £100,000,000 in an "invisible account" which "includes our expenditure in Germany, mostly in dollars."

Coal Target

Sterling releases added to invisible account deficits, he said. He urged a Government accounting of these expenditures. He questioned the Government export programme in view of the "declining sellers market" and increasing competition abroad "in practically every kind of goods."

"Some countries recently announced their intention of placing an embargo for the time being on a number of articles such as textiles and motor cars," he said.

Mr. Eden challenged the Government's coal target of 200,000,000 tons this year as too low to assure increased exports. He emphasized that only five per cent of dollar expenditures last year were for machinery.

He said seven per cent went for films and 32 per cent for tobacco and added, "That is not what this House had in mind when it voted for the loan."

He said Government's policy of purchases had been "one of dismal expediency rather than of comprehensive and realistic planning." — United Press.

Sentence Reduced In Hawker Case

The sentence of three months' hard labour passed on Lee Yuet, 19-year-old hawker, by Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon on June 26 for the illegal transportation of vegetables was yesterday reduced to two months after review of the case.

Mr. A. S. C. Comber, for Lee, applied for the review on the ground that, as defendant was not in a position to pay the fine of \$350, the alternative was too excessive. He referred his Worship to a recent case before the First Magistrate (Kowloon) where the accused was discharged with a caution.

Continuing, Mr. Comber declared that Lee had on numerous occasions purchased vegetables from the Kowloon Government Wholesale Market, and that it was only due to Lee's employer being short of ready cash that he was forced to obtain his goods from Hong Kong dealers on a credit basis.

Appellant, said Mr. Comber, was the sole supporter of his 75-year-old mother and two younger sisters, aged 17 and 13 years, respectively. His wage was only \$30 per month with full board.

Replying for the prosecution, Mr. Pereira of the Government Market declared that Lee's case was entirely different from that of the one before Mr. Latimer. In the latter, the Asia Co. had the vegetables brought over to Kowloon to supply the Naval Dockyard and hospitals. Appellant, and his employer, transported the vegetables to Shamshuipo with the sole purpose of supplying the black market there.

The Shamshuipo district, went on Mr. Pereira, is well-known for black markets and the Government Market was having considerable trouble there. As to the question of shortage of ready cash, said Mr. Pereira, that was only an excuse as melons (the load carried by defendant) were very cheap and the whole cargo of 900 cabbages was worth only \$20.

In reply to his Worship, Mr. Pereira said that he was not opposing a reduction of the sentence in the present case but would ask his Worship to issue a general warning to Shamshuipo dealers, many of whom were speculators in Court.

His Worship warned that it is quite illegal to bring vegetables from Hong Kong to Kowloon without the permission of the Kowloon Vegetables Wholesale

Market. The fines in his Court, said Mr. Blair-Kerr, were usually high and he would, in future, make the alternatives sufficiently high to act as a deterrent.

According to DSI J. M. Forrest in Mr. W. H. Latimer's Court at Kowloon yesterday, Lal Hok, 41-year-old unemployed, appears to have hit upon an ingenious method of raising money but the Police intervened and stopped his enterprise.

Subscriptions to defray the cost of a burial service are common among trade societies, or unions, and everything would have been in order if the death had been a genuine one. The catch was that no one had died and no burial services were pending.

Lal was arrested and brought before Mr. Latimer yesterday on the charge of obtaining money by false pretences. On the application of DSI Forrest, accused was remanded until tomorrow.

The object of the signal is to permit Masters of vessels who require the services of a Revenue Officer to deal with unmanifested cargo, narcotics, or cases of smuggling of dutiable commodities, to obtain the assistance of a Revenue Officer at short notice.

It is notified that the flags E.I.C. of the International Code of Signals have been allocated as Call Flags to the Hong Kong Imports and Exports Department.

Masters of vessels who are in need of the services of the Imports and Exports Department may obtain the same by hoisting the above signal.

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Kowloon Dock Launch Stopped

When the coxswain of a Kowloon Dock launch went ashore and instructed his assistant to take the vessel back to the Dock on Tuesday, he did not figure on the Water Police on harbour patrol checking up on whether craft under way had certificated men in charge.

The result was the appearance yesterday of the assistant coxswain before Marine Magistrate Garland who imposed a fine of \$100 or one month hard labour.

For taking in tow more than one lighter of over 1,500 piculs at a time through the Yau-mat Typhoon Shelter, contrary to regulations, a steam-launch coxswain was fined \$50 or 14 days' hard labour.

A plea by a junkmaster that his craft was a diesel-engined junk and normally allowed to carry up to 12 passengers, was not accepted by the Magistrate, before whom he was charged with having on board 12 passengers in addition to a crew of seventeen. A fine of \$150 or one month hard labour was imposed.

The master of a small passenger boat, charged with failing to display regulation lights, was let off with a caution when he pleaded that a sudden gust of wind blew out his oil lamp.

Sacks Of Tobacco Seized

The maximum penalty of \$500 or six months' hard labour was imposed on Lui Cheong, 49, by Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday on a charge of possession of 248 lbs of dutiable Chinese tobacco on July 8.

Prosecuting, RO Carroll said that the tobacco was found in five sacks in a taxi at the junction of Tai-po Road and Castle Peak Road by Senior Revenue Officer Tuck. Questioned, accused stated that he was bringing it from Sha Tau Kok in the New Territories to a house in Sai Yee Street. The duty on the tobacco, added RO Carroll, was \$744.

An order for the confiscation of the tobacco, valued at about \$1,000, was made.

Money Market

Gold was back to \$323.50 a tola at yesterday's opening, and in an all-day non-stop movement ranging from \$320.25 to \$326, the market eventually closed at \$322 a tola.

Plinates were steadier with rates ranging from \$11 to \$11.20 a 100. The former was the opening rate, and it closed at \$11.07.

Chinese National Currency futures, after opening at 10 1/2 cents for CN\$1,000, went up to 10 3/4 cents. Spot opened at 14 1/2 cents and closed at 14 1/2 cents.

U.S. dollars were again unchanged at \$4.95, as also were Sterling at \$12.80 and Australian pounds at \$12.50.

Owing to the indisposition of Mr. Marcus da Silva, solicitor for the defence, further hearing of the case against Dr. Lim Ek Quee of the Shamshuipo Public Dispensary was formally adjourned for one week by Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday.

REVITALISE GLANDS to REJUVENATE BODY

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TESTOSTONES \$10.00 per bottle.

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MIRACLE HORMONE CREAM \$16.00 per jar.

SKIN TONIC TABLETS \$11.10 per bottle.

The finest of all revitalising gland tonics for the male sex, recommended for all run-down conditions, loss of virile force and premature aging. This preparation rejuvenates the entire system and imparts new vigour and vitality. Invaluable for nervous troubles, neurasthenia, depression, loss of confidence, brain fog and overwork, high blood pressure, prostate disorders etc.

An extra powerful and effective preparation for use in the male sex, composed of Gland Extracts, vitamins and vitalized mineral compounds, it will restore maximum efficiency in stubborn and long standing conditions of physical inefficiency. A harmless rational and safe treatment which is not a temporary stimulant but which produces permanently beneficial results.

This compound is made to a new formula and recommended where a powerful regenerating medium is indicated. Protracted dosage restores normal functions and promotes maximum efficiency throughout the entire system. Indications: Neuritis, senescence, impotence, atrophy, inefficiency etc. A valuable compound for uncontrollable overactivity of function, common to the male sex during middle age and later life. This trying condition usually responds to the new prostatalin treatment which is useful also in bladder and prostate gland disorders, insomnia etc.

FOR FEMALE SEX.

The established remedy for functional disorders of the female sex. A powerful physiological tonic restorative and dependable remedy for nervous troubles, exhaustion and premature ageing, insomnia, depression, frigidity, and sterility, hot flashes etc., indispensable at the climacteric period.

Modern medical science's most important contribution to health culture. A delightful skin cream which contains the revitalising ovarian follicular hormone (Oestrin) which penetrates the subcutaneous tissues and brings new youth to the complexion. Its rejuvenating effects have been proved by the restoration of colour to ageing skin and the transformation of ageing skin to that of youthful beauty and resilience. For wrinkles, lines, blemishes, bad colour, discolorations and skin disorders etc.

The internal equivalent of the Hormone cream. They have a gentle tonic action and purify the blood and their rejuvenating effect is felt throughout the entire system. When used in conjunction with the cream results are expedited, representing one of the most effective natural beauty treatments available today which in a short time will accomplish far more than lengthy and expensive courses of superficial treatment.

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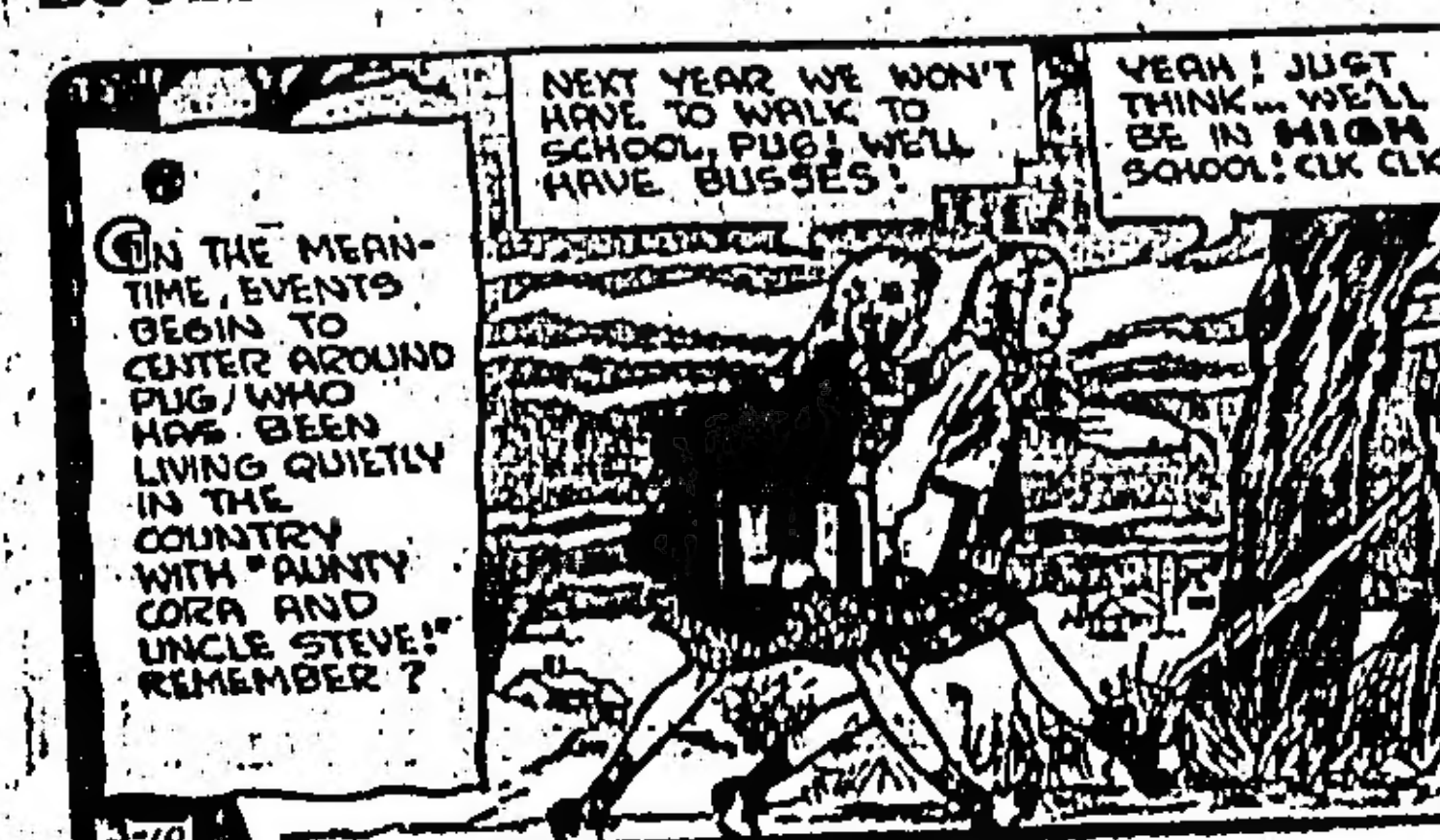
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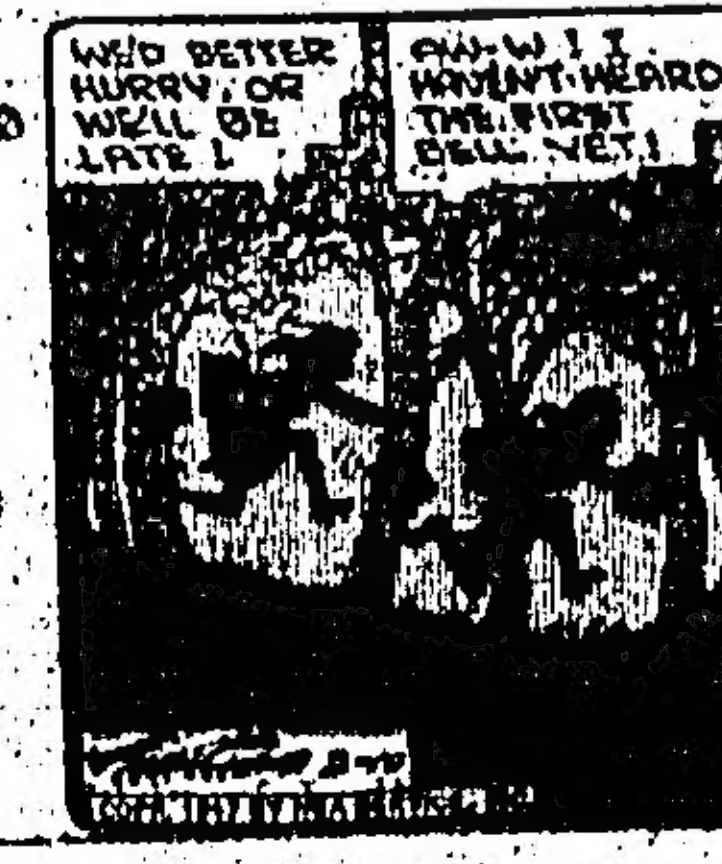


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299, 306.

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rooms with bath. No. 21 Hankow
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\$1501 Remington Portable—\$175
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289, top, Prince Edward. (7-8.30
p.m.)

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Friday, the 11th July 1947,
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Carved Camphorwood Chests,
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Blankets, Mosquito Nets, Elec-
tric Oscillating Table Fans,
Lawn Mower, Bird Cage, Ward
robe with Mirrors, Dressing
Table with Stools, Red Side
Cabinets, Double & Single
Bedsteads with Box-
spring Mattresses, Chester-
field Suites, Writing
Tables, Silver Cabinets, Exten-
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Sideboards, Small Side Tables,
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Low Boy, Typist Tables,
Kitchen Cupboards, Folding
Armchairs, Single Divans and
Rugs, Etc., Etc.

Also
1 Calculating Machine
1 Remington Typewriter 18"
1 Philips Radio Set 7 Tubes—
All Wave

1 Moffat Electric Stove
1 Indian Carpets
1 Dressing Set in Case
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On View from Thursday, the
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Terms: As Customary
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On Monday 7th instant the
Stables and Veterinary Sur-
geon's telephone number will be
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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

It is hereby notified that the following Sale of Crown Land by
Public Auction will be held at the Office of the Public Works
Department on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1947, at 3 p.m.

Sale Conditions may be obtained and sale plan inspected at
the Office of the Superintendent of Crown Lands and Surveys,
Lower Albert Road, Hong Kong.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Location	Boundaries	Area in sq. ft.	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	Inland Lot No. 6305	Yik Yam Street, Wong Nai Chung	As per sale plan (Area coloured red)	2,600 (about)	\$120	\$12,000

Immediately after the fall of the hammer, the purchaser shall
according to the Conditions of Sale pay to the Auctioneer a sum
of \$2,000.00 in cash or by cheque which shall be certified by the
Bank on which it is drawn. The Bank must be a member of the
Exchange Banks Association.

H. Q. LAND FORCES. NOTICE

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF MILITARY LABOUR.

Tenders are invited for the
supply of labour to military
units and installations in Hong
Kong and Kowloon (including
the Shamshuipo area) and the
New Territories for the period
1st August 1947 to 31st Janu-
ary 1948 to the following es-
timated daily requirements:—
Coolie foreman and

No. 1 coolies — 40
Coolies (Heavy weight) — 150
Coolies (Light weight) — 500
Coolies (Female) — 200

Tender forms may be obtain-
ed on application from "Q"
Branch H.Q., Land Forces.
These forms should be com-
pleted in duplicate and forward-
ed under sealed cover, clearly
marked "Tender for the supply
of military labour" to reach
H.Q., Land Forces not later
than noon on FRIDAY, 18 July
1947.

Separate tenders may be ac-
cepted for the supply of labour
in Hong Kong or Kowloon and
the New Territories only.

This H.Q. does not bind it-
self to accept the lowest or any
tender.

NOTICE

Tender for Handling Military Cargo

It is hereby notified that sealed
tenders in duplicate, should be
clearly marked "Tender for
Handling of Military Cargo"
will be received by the Em-
barkation Commandant, Shop
No. 5, Peninsular Hotel.

Quotations are required for a
tonnage rate for discharge of
Cargo other than that for
which G.H.Q. SEALF have
made direct arrangements ex-
cept either alongside or at any
buoy to Military Depots at
Sham Shui Po, Chatham Road
and the M.P.O. Camber Hong
Kong and for loading cargoes ex-
cept those to ship either along-
side or at buoy. Cargo may in-
clude dangerous goods and/or
heavy lifts.

Forms of tender giving full
details of the Dept's require-
ments may be obtained on ap-
plication to Embarkation H.Q.,
Peninsular Hotel.

Tenders must be placed in the
Tender Box at the Embarkation
H.Q. NOT LATER than noon
on Saturday 19th July 1947.

The Embarkation Commant-
ant does not bind himself to
accept the lowest of any tender.

HARBOUR OFFICE NOTICE

CALL FLAGS FOR REVENUE OFFICERS

The flags E.H.C. of the Inter-
national Code of Signals have
been allocated as Call Flags to
the Hong Kong Imports and
Exports Department.

Masters of vessels who are in
need of the services of the Im-
ports and Exports Department
may obtain the same by hoisting
the above signal.

The object of the signal is to
permit Masters of vessels who
require the services of a Re-
venue Officer to deal with un-
manifested cargo, narcotics, or
cases of smuggling of dutiable
commodities, to obtain the as-
sistance of a Revenue Officer at
short notice.

J. JOLLY,
Harbour Master.

Harbour Office.
Hong Kong, 8th July, 1947.

THE HONGKONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that
the Fifty-sixth Ordinary Annual
Meeting of the Members of this
Company will be held at the
Office of Messrs. Jardine,
Matheson & Co., Ltd., on Thurs-
day the 7th August, 1947, at
Noon, to receive the Report of
the Board of Directors and
Statement of Accounts for the
year ended 31st December,
1946, to elect Directors and to
appoint Auditors.

NOTICE is also given that
the Transfer Books of the Com-
pany will be closed from the
24th July, 1947, to the 7th
August, 1947, both days inclu-
sive.

By order of the Board of
Directors.

CHAS. E. TERRY,
Manager and Secretary.

Hong Kong, 10th July, 1947.

THE HONGKONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is HEREBY GIVEN
that an Extraordinary General
Meeting of the Company will be
held at the Office of Messrs.
Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.,
on Thursday, 7th August, 1947,
at 12.30 p.m., or at such time as
the Ordinary General Meeting
to be held at the same place at
Noon shall terminate, for the
purpose of considering and, if
thought fit passing the follow-
ing as Special Resolutions, viz:

"(1) That the Authorised
Capital of the Company (which
is now \$8,000,000.00 consisting
of 160,000 shares of the
nominal value of \$50.00 each,
of which 90,000 shares have been
issued), be increased to \$50,-
000,000.00 by the creation of
\$40,000,000.00 additional shares of
the nominal value of \$50.00 each,
and that such shares be issued
at such a time or times and
upon such terms as the Com-
pany's Board of Directors in
their absolute discretion shall
think fit.

"(2) That Article 19 of the
Company's Articles of Associa-
tion be cancelled, and the fol-
lowing substituted therefor:—

"19. Notwithstanding any of the
provisions these Articles of
Association no Shareholder shall
without the sanction of the
Directors be entitled at any time
to be registered as the holder of
more than one-tenth of the
Capital of the Company issued
for the time being. Provided
nevertheless that the registra-
tion of a transfer of shares
whereby the holding of any
Shareholder is increased beyond
the said amount shall be con-
clusive evidence that the sanc-
tion of the Directors to such in-
creased holding has been given
but shall not be evidence that
the Directors have sanctioned
any further increase by such
Shareholder in his holding."

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN
that if the above resolution No.
(1) is duly passed as a Special
Resolution, it is the intention
of the Board of Directors in ac-
cordance with the terms of the
Special Resolutions passed on
the 7th day of March, 1935, to
offer as soon as possible after
the 7th day of August, 1947,
70,000 new shares of the nomi-
nal value of \$50.00 each, being
the present unissued Capital of
the Company, together with an
additional 20,000 new shares of
the nominal value of \$50.00 each
in accordance with the terms of
the above Resolution, making a
total of 90,000 new shares of
the nominal value of \$50.00
each, to the persons who on the
7th day of August, 1947, are
registered in the Company's
Share Register as the holders of
the 90,000 issued shares in the
Capital of the Company, in the
proportion of one new share for
each share held by them respec-
tively, at a premium of \$50.00 per share,
and to propose the following
further Special Resolution:—

"(3) That the aforesaid 90,000
new shares shall be issued
subject to the following condi-
tions:—
(1) The amount due for
such new shares shall be pay-
able as follows:—
(a) On acceptance of the
offer—\$50.00 per share, being
half the nominal value of \$50.00
per share plus half the pre-
mium of \$50.00 per share.

(b) Any of the shares which
shall not be taken up by the Com-
pany's Shareholders in manner
aforesaid shall be disposed of in
such manner and at such time
as the Company's Directors shall
in their absolute discretion see
fit.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS.

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Hong Kong Hotel, Hong Kong, on Friday 11th July 1947, at 12 noon for the purpose of receiving the Re- port of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the period—1st September 1946 to 31st March 1947, and for the election of Directors and the appointment of Auditors.

The Register and Transfer
Books of the Company will be
closed from the 28th June to
the 11th July 1947, both days
inclusive.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY
ALSO GIVEN that an Extraor-
dinary General Meeting of the
Company will be held at the
same place and on the same day
at 12.30 p.m. or so soon after-
wards as the Ordinary General
Meeting shall be concluded,
when the submitted Resolutions
will be submitted:—

(1) That Article 88 of the
Company's Articles of Associa-
tion be altered by striking out
the words "the Secretary and"
in the eighth line thereof.

(2) That the foregoing re-
solution shall be retro-
spective and shall take
effect from the 1st day
of April, 1947.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS &
SON,
General Managers.

HONG KONG, 14th June 1947.

Beten's Beauty Salons

You can trust your personal
Beauty Problems — your Per-
manent Waves, Shampoo, Sets,
Tinting, Facials, Manicure,
Pedicure to Beten's expert
operators (1st floor) above
Lane Crawford's Tel. 33161.

On the 30th June, 1948
—the balance of \$50.00 per
share, being the remaining half
of the nominal value plus the
remaining half of the premium.

(c) Payment of the sum of
\$50.00 per share on acceptance
of the offer shall be deemed to
be the first call on such shares,
and the balance of \$50.00 per
share shall be deemed to be the
balance payable, within the
meaning of Articles 34 to 43 of
the Company's Articles of Asso-
ciation.

(ii) Subject to payments
being made on the due dates,
such new shares shall rank as
partly paid shares from 1st
January, 1948, and as fully paid
shares from 1st July, 1948,
to participating in dividend for
the period 1st January,
1948, to 31st June 1948,
the extent of one quarter, and
for the period 1st July, 1948, to
31st December, 1948, to the ex-
tent of one half the amount de-
clared for existing shares in
respect of the year 1948, and
thereafter ranking for dividend
and in all other respects pari
passu with the existing shares
of the Company.

(iii) That where the share-
holder so desires, the full sum
of \$100.00 per share may be
paid up on acceptance of the
offer, and in such event, any
shares on which the full sum
shall have been paid up shall
rank for dividend and in all
other respects pari passu with
the existing shares of the Com-
pany as from 1st January,
1948."

The offer will be made by
Notice sent by post to each
shareholder, specifying the
number of shares to which the
shareholder is entitled, and such
offer, if not accepted either on
behalf of such shareholder or
his nominee on or before 31st
December, 1947, will be deemed
to be declined.

Any of the shares which shall
not be taken up by the Com-
pany's Shareholders in manner
aforesaid shall be disposed of in
such manner and at such time
as the Company's Directors shall
in their absolute discretion see
fit.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS.

CHAS. E. TERRY,
Manager and Secretary.

Hong Kong, 10th July, 1947.

Death Sentences On Jewish Terrorists Confirmed

THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY
GIVEN that an Interim Divi-
dend of £2.0.0. per share (nett
after deduction of Hong Kong
Corporation Profits Tax) has
been declared in respect of the
year ending 31st December
1947, at a rate of 1/2 27/32d.
per Dollar.

THIS DIVIDEND WILL BE
PAYABLE on and after
MONDAY 11th August at the
offices of the Corporation, where
Shareholders are requested to
apply for Warrants.

THE REGISTER OF
SHARES of the Corporation
will be closed from MONDAY
28th July to SATURDAY 9th
August (both days inclusive)
during which period no transfer
of Shares can be registered.

BY ORDER OF THE
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

A. MORSE,
Chief Manager

Hong Kong, 8th July, 1947.

NOTICE

VOLUNTEER FURTHER EDUCATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The above Committee has
been appointed by Government
to advise on the provision of
further education for those
members and ex-members of
the Hong Kong Royal Naval
Volunteer Defence Corps
whose University studies were
interrupted by the outbreak of
hostilities in the Far East.
The scheme which the Commit-
tee has now under consideration
is primarily for locally domicil-
ied persons, and is intended to
provide facilities at Hong Kong
and neighbouring Universities
only.

As many applications already
received do not provide the
Committee with sufficiently de-
tailed information, it has been
decided that all previous ap-
plications for assistance should
be resubmitted in a fuller form,
and for this purpose, printed
application forms can be obtain-
ed from Headquarters, the
Hong Kong Royal Naval Volun-
teer Reserve and the Hong
Kong Volunteer Defence Corps,
2 Garden Road, Hong Kong, be-
tween the hours of 9.00 a.m.
and 5 p.m. daily, excluding
Sundays and Holidays. These
forms should be completed im-
mediately and sent to the Sec-
retary of this Committee.

In order that every eligible
person may be adequately ad-
vised of this new procedure, the
Committee would welcome the
assistance of relations and
friends of eligible persons who
are no longer in the Colony, in
bringing to notice the revised
procedure and by sending to
these persons copies of the ap-
plication form.

It will be noted that all state-
ments of the amount of money
sought must be supported by a
letter from the Registrar or
Secretary of the University or
College concerned to the effect
that such amounts represent a
fair estimate of all necessary
expenses entailed in the intend-
ed course of study. The ap-
plicant must provide a letter
from the said Registrar or
Secretary indicating that the
applicant has been or will be
accepted for entry to his in-
tended course on a given date,
and must also furnish a medical
certificate stating that he is fit
to undertake the course.

N. GARLAND,
Secretary.

VOLUNTEER FURTHER EDUCATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Harbour Department,
Hong Kong,
7th July, 1947.

New COLOR-STAY

LIPSTICK
by PRINCESS PAT \$ 5.50

• stays on longer
• has an "expensive"
fragrance
• makes beautiful clean,
fine outlines
• has smoother texture of
precious lanolin

Shan—a ripe true red.
Spectacular for medium
and red heads. A stunning
shade on any type.

Obtainable at all
better stores

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS.

CHAS. E. TERRY,
Manager and Secretary.

Hong Kong, 10th July, 1947.

Volunteer Roll Of Honour

The following official lists of
members of the H.K. Naval
Volunteer Reserve, and of the
H.K.V.D.C. who were killed during
hostilities in 1941 or died
subsequently in internment, were
published yesterday:

Naval Volunteer Reserve:—
W.O. A. L. Briggs, W.O. E. R.
Butcher, S/Lt. J. B. Colls, W.O.
W. C. Crabbe, W.O. S. Dallow,
W.O. W. S. Drake, Lt.-Comdr. H.
W. M. Duley, S/Lt. J. C. Eager,
S/Lt. (E) Forster, W.O. I. L.
Goldenberg, W.O. W. Gibbs, S/Lt.
R. H. Gregory, S/Lt. A. G. Major,
W.O. R. S. Harrison, W.O. W.
W. E. Jupp, S/Lt. D. Kempton,
S/Lt. G. Mery, S/Lt. G. S. McGill,
W.O. L. A. Mullett, S/Lt. G. K.
Oliver, Lt. T. J. Price, W.O. W. J.
Priest, W.O. R. J. Read, W.O. J.
Rogers, W.O. J. O. Sheppard,
S/Lt. E. T. W. Slay, Lt. G. Sto-
pant-Thomson, Lt. D. W. Wag-
staff, S/Lt. S. Gun D. Knox, Lt.
C. Worrall, W.O. C. W. Gressley,
O.S. Chan Chi Hing, O.S. To
Shui Yin, A.B. Lai Fook Hing,
O.S. Wang Yuk Wah, O.S. Lai
Muk.

Hong Kong Volunteer Defence
Corps killed or died of wounds:—
Gnr. W. L. Alexander, Lieut. D. J.
N. Anderson, Sgt. E. W. Bannister,
Pte. W. M. Barton, Pte. D. D.
Blackman, Gnr. A. S. Bliss, Cpl.
H. W. Bonner, Pte. C. Brown, Sgt.
H. W. Brown, L/Cpl. A. W. Bue-
ckingham, L/Cpl. H. Burson, Gnr.
S. T. Butlin, Lieut. H. T. Buxton,
Pte. G. Carr, Pte. Cheng Kain
Shing, L/Cpl. D. H. Collins-Taylor,
Pte. D. Coul, Pte. C. W. Gore,
Pte. J. Groves, Cpl. L. Car-
ningham, C.Q.M.S. G. R. Cathill,
Pte. A. Delcourt, Gnr. J. T. Duffy,
Pte. P. Edwards, 2/Lieut. R. Ed-
ward, Pte. R. J. Egan, B.Q.M.S.
I. M. Fernandes, Bdr. E. F. Fin-
cher, Pte. E. B. Fisher, Gnr. A.
Floisand, Pte. W. F. Ford, Gnr.
H. R. Forsyth, Pte. O. Fox, Gnr.
N. H. France, Cpl. E. Gaubert,
Gnr. S. D. Gerza, Pte. J. Gill, Pte.
H. O. Gilles, Pte. R. Goldman,
Pte. R. G. Gosling, Pte. C. M.
Gowland, Pte. E. F. Grant, Gnr.
R. H. Griffiths, Pte. S. W. Hall,
Pte. D. W. Harawick, Pte. H. J. A.
Hearne, Sgt. W. S. Hillier, L/Cpl.
E. Hing, Pte. A. H. Ho, Gnr. L. K.
Ho, Pte. B. C. Hobbs, Pte. J. J.
Hoffmann, Capt. L. B. Holmes, Pte.
Dr. R. Hoselitz, Cpl. J. M. Hough-
ton, Spr. E. Hyndman, Capt. F. M.
Jacobs, L/Cpl. J. E. Jessop, Pte.
G. C. Jitta, Pte. A. E. Job, Gnr.
L. G. Johnson, 2/Lieut. H. S.
Kerby, Pte. H. B. Joseph, Pte. S.
Jones, Pte. Ernest Kern, Pte. K.
S. Kluar, Gnr. F. A. Kossakowski,
C.Q.M.S. J. T. Lacey, Pte. W. R.
Lambert, Gnr. J. G. H. Lander,
Pte. T. S. Lau, Gnr. W. G. Law-
son, L/Cpl. Leung Chik Wai, Gnr.
Leung Fook Wing, Pte. J. P. Fells,
Lim, L/Cpl. K. H. Lim, Gnr. Boris
Lipkovsky, Gnr. John I. Litton,
Gnr. J. Lodge, Pte. E. S. Lyon,
Gnr. David Lyon, Pte. G. H. Mac-
Kay, Pte. G. M. Mackenzie,
P/Major W. C. K. Mackie, Pte.
A. P. Maher, C.Q.M.S. A. Mann,
Pte. W. Markham, Pte. F. Martin,
Pte. R. D. Maxwell, Gnr. L. H.
McCabe, Sgt. Duncan McCallum,
Pte. C. G. McCormick, Pte. A.
McLeod, Sgt. H. J. Millington,
Pte. J. D. Mihinnett, Pte. J. E.
Mogra, Pte. Fateh Mohamed,
2/Lieut. H. G. Muir, Pte. G. Mur-
phy, Gnr. R. C. Nash, Cpl. Ng Po
Lau, Pte. F. A. Noronha, Bdr. D.
Orr, Pte. W. Park, Gnr. E. M.
Paterson, Pte. T. E. Pearce,
C.Q.M.S. J. C. Polson, Gnr. Poon
Kwong Kuen, Pte. H. W. Rath-
sany, Pte. A. A. Reed, Pte. E. V.
Reed, Pte. S. A. Reed, Pte. R. A.
Rodgers, L/Cpl. M. J. Rouban,
Gnr. W. F. Rudolf, Gnr. H. A.
Samuel, Gnr. M. W. Sayers,
L/Cpl. F. Schnepel, Pte. L. R.
Sequeira, Pte. Ghulam Hossain

Missing, believed killed, now
presumed dead:—Pte. H. A. Alves,
Pte. A. Andrews, Pte. H. H. Ar-
pews, Sgt. W. G. Bagley, Gnr. A.
Baker, Gnr. W. E. Broadbridge,
Pte. A. Calman, Gnr. H. M. Cam-
pos, Gnr. Chan U Chan, Gnr.
Cheung Wing Yee, Pte. Y. M.
Chung, Pte. W. F. Cullen, Sgt. E.
L. Curtis, Pte. Sir E. Des Voeux,
Pte. W. A. Lim, Pte. T. Lin, Pte.
W. A. Lo, Pte. G. T. Lowry, L/Cpl.
C. A. Marquesa Pte. A. K. Muir,
Pte. G. Newhouse, Gnr. M. M.
Ozorio, Pte. T. H. Pearce, Pte. W.
H. Peters, Pte. A. Pospisil, C.S.M.
J. E. Potter, Pte. A. G. F. Prow,
Pte. F. A. Rapp, Gnr. F. O. Reed,
L/Cpl. A. J. Rocha, Sgt. L. D.
Skinner, Pte. J. M. Thomson, Gnr.
W. Wai Man, Pte. J. M. Walker,
L/Cpl. N. B. White, Bdr. P. B.
Wilson, Pte. L. M. Wylie, Cpl.
Yung Yue Wang, Gnr. J. A. Lim.

Died whilst prisoner of war:—
Pte. G. Ainelle, Pte. G. I. Angus,
Gnr. L. C. Baker, Pte. L. A. Bar-
ros, C.S.M. P. E. Baskett, Sgt. A.
Bennett, Pte. J. A. T. Lin, Pte.
C.S.M. H. M. Britto, Pte. W. J.
Brown, Cpl. G. E. Budden, Pte.
R. K. Burns, Pte. L. J. Cava-
s, L/Cpl. N. O. Christensen, Pte. G.
E. Cross, Cpl. F. Cullen, Gnr. M.
C. Dodwell, Cpl. W. Elliott, L/Cpl.
C. L. Farmer, Gnr. J. S. Fergus-
son, Gnr. W. Fleming, Pte. W. R.
Forsyth, Gnr. J. A. L. G. G. G.
W. M. Gittins, Pte. G. G. G. G.
J. J. Gutierrez, Pte. G. Halley, Spr.
F. M. Hale, Pte. G. T. Harrington,
L/Cpl. J. F. Hick

TO-DAY ONLY **QUEEN'S** AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

BY POPULAR DEMAND!
CARY GRANT • INGRID BERGMAN
in ALFRED HITCHCOCK'S

"NOTORIOUS"
AN RKO RADIO PICTURE

— OPENING TO-MORROW —
THE YEAR'S MOST WONDERFUL PICTURE!

JIMMY STEWART'S NEW PICTURE!
LIBERTY FILMS • FRANK CAPRA
"It's a Wonderful Life"
DONNA REED
JAMES STEWART
LIONEL BARRYMORE • THOMAS MITCHELL • HENRY TRAVERS
BEULAH BONDI • WARD BOND • FRANK FAYLEN • GLORIA GRABAME
Produced and Directed by FRANK CAPRA
Released by RKO Radio Pictures, Inc.

TO-DAY ONLY **WINKS** AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

AIR-CONDITIONED
JOAN BLONDELL—JOHN WAYNE
in
"LADY FOR A NIGHT"
A REPUBLIC PICTURE

TO-MORROW
"The Lady for a Night"
RAY MILLAND
JANE WYMAN
BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

BEST SOUND COMFORTABLE SEATS
Cathay TODAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

THE MOST RECKLESS RENEGADES
WHO EVER RODE!
"The DALTONS RIDE AGAIN"
Starring Alan CURTIS Lon CHANEY Kent TAYLOR
A Universal Picture

TO-MORROW
Bob HOPE • Joan CAULFIELD in
"MONSIEUR BEAUCAIRE"

ORIENTAL
SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
M-G-M'S STAR-ROARIOUS COMEDY!... They scared the daylight out of a ghost! You'll scream... with laughter... at what happens in a haunted house!

MARGARET O'BRIEN
CHARLES LAUGHTON
ROBERT YOUNG
M-G-M'S
"The Canterville Ghost"

— NEXT CHANGE —
"THE RETURN OF MONTE CRISTO"

LIFE

ISSUE OF JUNE 9, 1947

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WINDSOR HOUSE

CABINET ADJUSTMENTS Expected In London With India's Independence

Shantung Fighting Flares Up

Nanking, July 8. Heavy fighting has flared up in Shantung province as the Manchurian front reports a lull after the lift of the Szechingka siege, according to Chinese reports reaching Nanking.

The Communist troops in Central Shantung, whose corridor to North Shantung was menaced by government gains along the Tsinan-Taiyuan railway (which bisects the province), are reported to have recoiled and attempted to move south. Strong Nationalist units are trying to halt the movement and heavy fighting is reported in the Mengying and Ishui mountain sectors.

The Communists are also reported to be striking out from Central Shantung toward Western Shantung, on the left flank of the Tientsin-Peking railway, where they have attacked Yung-cheng and Heichih, 70 miles southwest of Tsinan.

Military observers believe that the Communist movement is designed to counter the government plans of "liquidating" the Shantung Communists while at the same time trying to drive the Red troops back to the north bank of the Sungari river in Manchuria.—United Press.

Britain's Opening For D.P.s

London, July 8. The Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Geoffrey Fisher, and other leaders of the main Christian communities in Britain today appealed to clergy to welcome the 5,000 displaced persons from Europe due to work in Britain.

"We are well aware of the difficulties and the hardships they have suffered, and especially the pain they feel through the destruction of their homelands," a circular letter said. "We hope they will find peace and happiness in this country, and relief from the uncertainty and unhappiness which weigh so heavily on many hearts."—Reuter.

MAJESTIC SHOWING TO-DAY 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

"The Green Years"
A.C. CRONIN
CHARLES COBURN
TOM BEVERLY HOME
DRAKE TYLER-CRONYN
GLADYS COOPER STOCKWELL
RICHARD HAYDN

"The Green Years"
A.C. CRONIN
CHARLES COBURN
TOM BEVERLY HOME
DRAKE TYLER-CRONYN
GLADYS COOPER STOCKWELL
RICHARD HAYDN

"JANE"

THERE'S ALPHONSE THE APACHE LIVING IN WAIT! ERIC WILL NEVER SEE ME—I MUST SAVE HIM IN SPITE OF HIMSELF...

An Assistant For Lord Addison

London, July 8. An additional Minister of State to form the link between India and Pakistan on the one hand and the Commonwealth Relations Office in London on the other may be appointed by the British Government after the enactment of the Indian Independence Bill, according to informed political quarters tonight.

While official sources will not comment upon the proposal, it is known that the Government must soon consider Cabinet adjustments arising from the transfer of power on August 15.

A major consideration which obviously requires thought is that at the age of 78, Lord Addison, Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations, has to become the link between Britain and two more great dominions at a crucial moment in their self-determination.

Lord Addison is exceedingly vigorous and alert for his age, and has been "sitting in" in the Cabinet expert discussions on India for two years. But he is already the link between Britain on the one hand and Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa on the other, and he is also leader for the Government in the House of Lords, which in itself is a demanding job.

In any case, Lord Addison is going to Australia in August to attend the Dominions Conference at Canberra on the Japanese peace treaty. The head of the Commonwealth Relations Office will, therefore, be absent during the most crucial stages of the transfer of power.

In these circumstances, political quarters think that the Government may solve the problem by creating a parallel to the Foreign Office situation, where Mr. Ernest Bevin has virtually a second Foreign Minister at his disposal in the Minister of State, Mr. Hector McNeill.

Strong Reasons

The Government, I understand, has yet to take a decision on the subject, but there are believed to be strong reasons for such a course. With the passage of the Independence Bill the political and constitutional aspects of settlement give way to practical problems of transfer. The Commonwealth Relations portfolio is already a big one. The actual transfer period—which Britain wants to be as short as possible—will add immeasurably to it. During this period, it is indispensable that there should be a Minister responsible for agency functions. The task of handling the whole Commonwealth portfolio, and simultaneously dealing with future India-Pakistan—British economic, trade and other relationships might well prove beyond the capacity of one man.

No name is yet mentioned in connection with the suggested new portfolio. It is known, of course, that with the transfer of power the office of the Secretary of State for India—held by Lord Listowel—comes automatically to an end. Whether the Government has this in mind in this new connection is, so far, undisclosed.—Reuter.

HENRY'S CAFE
(Formerly the famous "Allied Cafe" in Karachi, India)
6, CHUNGKING ARCADE, KOWLOON.

for
DRINKS, AFTERNOON TEA & SUPPER
ICE CREAM OUR SPECIALITY.
Good Service — Homely Atmosphere

"JANE"

MAIS CERTAINEMENT! WILL MADMOISELLE SIGN THE REGISTRE?

Arctic Expedition

LONDON, JULY 8. LED BY AN AUSTRALIAN, THE FIRST ARCTIC EXPEDITION SINCE THE WAR LEFT BRITAIN TODAY TO VISIT JAN MAYEN ISLAND, OFF THE EAST COAST OF GREENLAND, WHERE IT IS TO MAKE FILMS AND HOPES TO FIND THE SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS LEFT THERE TEN YEARS AGO.

Consisting of about a dozen explorers, including a film unit, none of whom has any previous Arctic experience, the expedition will study animal and plant life, meteorology and will look for the recording instruments left on the rim of the "Beerenberg", an 8,400 feet high extinct volcano, in 1938, to record the effects of cosmic rays.

Making their way by separate routes to Aalsund, where their ship the Polar Bear is waiting, the expedition hopes to climb the Haakon and Haklut peaks on the volcano, and to cross the ice-filled crater at the summit, which has never before been bridged.

A secondary object of the expedition, apart from making documentary films is to train the scientists of the party as future leaders of journeys to the Arctic.

The Australian leader is Mr. A. J. Marshall, of the Department of Zoology at Oxford University, and the expedition has been fitted out by the University Exploration Club.—Reuter.

VD NOW AN "EPIDEMIC" IN GERMANY

Berlin, July 7. The Four-Power Allied Control Council, alarmed at the spread of venereal disease—now "almost an epidemic in Germany" according to one American official—has ordered the adoption of sweeping and severe laws to check it. The Military Governors ordered immediate legislation, accompanying it with a model draft law imposing strict control measures and stiff penalties for violation.

The Council, admittedly "disturbed" at the high syphilis and gonorrhea rates, called for quick action by State Parliaments. In the American Zone, General Lucius D. Clay set the target date of September 1. Some German authorities told Dr. Theodore Popovich, American consultant, that before the war venereal disease in Germany was "no problem at all". Medical schools had difficulty in finding cases for demonstration and specialists had almost disappeared, according to the doctors.

"Epidemic"
By May 1947, the American zone gonorrhea rate climbed to 56 per thousand, with syphilis at half that figure. Dr. Popovich termed these rates "almost an epidemic".

Similar rates prevail in other zones. Dr. Popovich, former New York City health official, said that the spread of gonorrhea in the American zone had been checked somewhat but syphilis was "showing a slight but steady increase".

"The draft law includes compulsory treatment and hospitalization provisions. It even bans 'intimate intercourse' by 'any person knowing or having grounds to believe he or she is infected with venereal disease in the infectious stage.'—United Press.

Wolanpi Lighthouse

Kaohsiung, July 8. The reconstruction of the light house at Wolanpi, at the southern part of Taiwan (Formosa) will be completed within a week.

Wolanpi Light House was built in 1884 by a British engineer, employed by the Chinese Government. It was one of the largest light houses in the Far East and one of the brightest lights in the Pacific area.

The tower stood 51 feet above the sea level. With a light of 27,000 candle power, the tower gave a bright flash every five minutes which would be seen 20 miles away.

Wolanpi Light House was destroyed by Allied bombing during the war.

The builder of the new tower is engineer Ye Tai-tsun, attached to the Customs here.—Central News.

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DEATH

GAAN—At St. Theresa's Hospital yesterday afternoon, Francis Leonard Gaan, aged three years. Funeral will pass the Monument to-day at 5.30 p.m.

UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

Not the least important consequence of six years of concentrated war effort is that the universities are coping today with the largest undergraduate population in their history. The worst effects of the congestion, due to an unprecedented demand for admission on the part of students whose higher education has been interrupted or deferred because of the war, in circumstances that render any appropriate enlargements of accommodation and staff out of the question, will abate, no doubt, in course of time; but it is manifest from the trend and purpose of official educational policy that the universities will be open, in future, to an increasing proportion of young people leaving school, among whom the study of the physical and mechanical sciences will be increasingly encouraged. Here is nothing less than a social development that must have sharp effects upon science and industry, and ultimately upon the country as a whole. It becomes of great importance, therefore, to consider how the potential benefits of university education can be realised to the fullest possible extent, and how far clear foresight to that end can be translated into purposeful direction by those on whom rests the immediate responsibility for a truly successful outcome. Among the latter, the student himself is the person most intimately concerned, and the most influential factor, in his own university career. Varied and valuable opportunities are open to him like "a dome of many-coloured glass," but to take full advantage of them calls for an effort of will as well as of mind and body; and calls, also, for appreciation based on knowledge of what those opportunities are. The very fact that the undergraduate of the future will be recruited more and more from families of moderate income, with whom there may be no tradition of public school and university as a matter of course, implies a neutral and unpreconceived background that is not without advantages so long as it is filled in with the right motives, but can be disastrous otherwise. Apart from the occasional wastrel, who is unworthy of consideration, the candidate for admission to a university is faced, briefly, with the alternatives of education for a good life or training for a specific job. Simple and fundamental as these alternatives may appear to be, the choice is not an easy one, especially for the financially poorer class of student who has been led to believe that his success in life stands or falls on his gaining a good degree in three years' time. This type of man, potentially able and commonly endowed with more than average capacity for hard work, needs to be convinced that a university is more than a collection of lecture rooms and laboratories, just as much as his heartier colleague that its boundaries are wider than those of its playing fields. The one essential function of a university is the pursuit of learning, and if a practical end must be assigned to "the education it offers to students, it is difficult to improve on Newman's belief that this purpose, consists in training good members of society, having clear, conscious views of their own opinions and judgment, able to distinguish the sophistical from the irrelevant, and prepared to fill any post with credit. If the undergraduate student is to gain as much as possible from his association with the mature and cultivated intellectual life of the senior members of his university, he must deliberately seek culture as well as knowledge, and contribute positively to the purpose of the university by developing in himself, first, the attitude for acquiring education and continuing to acquire it, and, later, canons

The Modern Miss May Be Model For Europe

By Margaret Bradbury

When fair-haired, kind-eyed Miss J. D. Carter began an experiment of her own in rehabilitation in June last year, she had plenty of ideas and enthusiasm but no money to back them.

Now, 13 months later, with a job successfully carried out, and a small erstwhile poverty-stricken community at present thriving under her charge and working on a cooperative society basis, she may be responsible for her scheme being introduced into the British occupied zone of Germany, and various other parts of Europe.

From the Colonial Office in London the other day came a letter asking Miss Carter for details and methods of her scheme. The report which was sent back will be handed to an Allied Control official who will shortly leave England to take over the supervision of all German co-operative societies and would-be similar organisations in that country. This official is likely to adapt Miss Carter's method as part of the rehabilitation programme in Germany.

Large Output

As head of the Modern Miss Needlecraft Centre which has its workrooms in the Old City Hall, Miss Carter is kept pretty busy organising and arranging the large sewing output turned over by her 35 Chinese women workers. When I called at the workrooms yesterday afternoon the pleasant hum of sewing machines kept up a steady rhythm while Miss Carter ex-

plained how the Centre was first developed and began gradually to prosper in the Colony.

When the Hong Kong Relief Department began work in the autumn of 1945, it requisitioned the old City Hall for some of its activities. On the first floor of the building a work-room was opened where about 50 destitute women and girls who had a little knowledge of sewing or machine work, were given employment as a relief measure. Most of the girls, all Chinese, were young war widows, some of them having three or four children or elderly parents to support.

At that time, said Miss Carter, the most pressing need for all was clothing, and the Custodian was approached for the use of a number of sewing machines and for bolts of flannelette. Many hundreds of garments—mass productions—began to be made for various institutions, orphanages, hospitals in the Colony. Three thousand hospital suits were made for the Hainan refugees alone.

Weekly Wage

As the work was done on behalf of the Relief Department, the cost was naturally borne by that department. At first, when supplies were so limited, rations were given as well as wages, but when more goods were to be found in the market, no further rations were issued, but all workers received a weekly wage agreed by the Government.

In June last year the work-room had completed the job required of it by the Relief Department, but the workers were most anxious to continue work as their livelihood depended upon it.

Miss Carter then decided to carry on her own lines and Govt. allowed her the use of the premises rent free on the understanding that if the scheme were to be carried out it must pay its own way.

Said Miss Carter: "This was an opportunity that could not be allowed to be lost. For a long time I had wanted to create something that would be a permanent benefit to the working class women of China. My intention was to develop it in such a way that it should eventually become a Chinese co-operative society."

Work Divided

"The workers were divided into those who had some schooling in a convent and had learnt

fine sewing there and those who could only undertake machine work. We undertook such work as lingerie, smocking, children's wear, church vestments, soft furnishings etc. Training was difficult at first as none of these workers had ever been inside a European house or seen a loose cover for a chair, nor did any speak English."

Yet at the moment the Centre has two expert cutters who visit houses, clubs or shops, to make the required measurements. So far the work done includes providing curtains for all the principal clubs in the Colony, many private houses, and the entire interior draping decoration for a pre-war luxury passenger liner.

From fulfilling orders which were given by friends and associates, the Centre has now developed to a first-class sewing agency recognised by firms and the general public in the Colony.

Said Miss Carter yesterday: "The main object of our work is to provide training, a livelihood and a future for the girl workers. Its secondary object is to help in bringing down prices that had risen to fantastic heights. To enable us to produce our goods at a low price, Government previously supplied cloth at special cost, in particular cotton cloth suitable for mens' summer suits."

Not Easy

"Fixing prices for work in general was not an easy business at first. An additional difficulty was the fact that the Chinese worker's output is never more than about one third of that of her opposite number in Europe. Yet in spite of difficulties and the fact that we paid Government rates for the girls, we have always run this work at a profit and the undertaking has proved to be financially sound."

Miss Carter pointed out that every business expects to have a certain amount of capital available to enable it to carry it on. "We have none, however," she said. "Fortunately we were able to show a profit each month and this enabled us to purchase all the sewing machines and office furniture that we had on loan from the Custodian of Property. The present position is that all accounts have been met, there is a balance to our credit, and a special fund so that the girls will be able to enjoy one week's holiday this year on full pay."

Patching Up Europe's Economy

Paris, July 8. Two years of dismal peace have induced Britain and France to try now to patch up Europe's battered economy without the Soviet Union.

The choice was not their own, but that of the Russians, who refused continental economic co-operation because, they said, it threatened the sovereignty of the small European nations.

There has been no effort to minimise the results of the Anglo-Soviet-French Foreign Ministers Conference. It ended in bitterness. The Russians said, without contradiction, that Europe would be divided.

Since the war international conferences have ended mostly in failure to agree. The Paris Meeting ended in outspoken conflict, with Soviet Foreign Commissar V. M. Molotov growling threatening words.

Running A Risk

Unquestionably, Russia ran a risk when Molotov turned down the proposal of the United States Secretary of State George Marshall for the economic reconstruction of Europe. If it works elsewhere Russian influence and prestige will suffer in those States that tarry behind with the Soviets.

Molotov's warning to British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin and French Minister Georges Bidault that the project means the division of Europe and would lead to "no good results" was interpreted in European capitals and in Washington to mean that the Soviets would fight it.

In the view of Western observers, the Paris Conference was not a failure. It produced an unmistakable ultimatum to the Russians: that Russia cannot continue to delay world progress by an uncompromising stand and a suspicious approach to every Western suggestion.

Molotov's veto of the Marshall plan, they said, was perhaps

the worst Russian diplomatic blunder since the end of the war. It made only too clear the Russian position in the U.N.O., where many important decisions have been so effectively blocked by the Soviets that Britain already has questioned the effectiveness of the world organisation.

Opposing Views

Authoritative sources, French and British, took opposing views, in the light of the Paris breakdown, on the chances of an agreement when the conference of four Foreign Ministers meets again in London in November to write the German and Austrian peace treaties.

Well-informed advisers in London expressed a belief that a successful launching of the Marshall project for rebuilding Europe's shattered economy could increase rather than reduce the prospects of a London settlement. The French were not so optimistic. French quarters said prospects for the November meeting depend on what happens at the U.N.O. General Assembly meeting in September—the next major meeting between Russia and the west.

What will happen in New York? French officials do not know and decline to speculate.

An authoritative British informant saw two possible consequences of the Paris conference: That the initiation of the Marshall project under Anglo-French leadership could result in what they called "the economic and political isolation of Russia and the Russian orbit states." The stronger possibility is that the success of the Marshall project would "shock Russia and the countries along Europe's Red fringe into the realisation their cooperation was not absolutely essential for the continental economic recovery" Associated Press.

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"How can ya read that silly trash? They always catch the murderer in those wheedunits!"

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

"The Authority on Authorities"

OUT-THINKING YOURSELF

DID YOU ever do too much thinking in a crucial spot? Did you ever see at once just what was the correct thing to do—then, after a bit of reflection, decide on some other move which turns out to be costly? Who hasn't? Sometimes the more or less obvious action will pay you dividends, whereas the carefully figured out maneuver is just about the worst course you could take.

SA 109	SK 8642	S7
H A J 8 6	H 74	HK 95
8	D Q J	D 6432
DA 76	C 974	C J 1086
C 62		3
	S J 53	
	H Q 10 2	
	D K 10 9 8	
	C A K Q	

(Dealer: South. Neither side vulnerable.)

South	West	North	East
1 C	1 H	1 S	Pass
INT	Pass	2 S	Pass
3NT			

This deal occurred in the recent national championship tournament for the Harold S. Vanderbilt Cup. Two very famous veterans were in the East-West seats when the bidding recorded occurred, and the North-South pair was a couple of lesser-known entrants who were straining for results—whichever accounts for South's unusual final bid.

West led the heart 6. East played the K, which won. East can easily see that a heart return would result in setting the

contract three tricks. But East studied the dummy. He decided the spade suit was a dangerous threat. Counting South for only two spades—because with three he should support the red-bid major—he placed four with West. So West might be able to stop the spade run if the diamond re-entry was removed first from the dummy.

So East led his diamond 2 to the second trick. West used his A, then knocked out the dummy's other diamond with the 7 to the Q. Now South brought the spade 2 to his J and West held up, playing the 9. Then South led the spade 5. West, on the spot, decided East had held the 7-3 and South only two spades, so came in with his A instead of holding up again. To avoid giving South a trick with the heart Q, he returned his diamond 6. South got the rest of the tricks then with Spades and clubs, making an extra.

Tomorrow's Problem

S 9	SAK Q73
H 842	HA QJ10
D Q 10 8 5 3 2	D 3
C 976	C None
	S J 8 6
	H K
	D A K 6
	C A K Q J 10 4

(Dealer: East. Neither side vulnerable.)

If you wanted to make a desperate "shot" for a big score, what would you bid in the South over East's 1-Heart?

Paris Conference On Food Crisis

Paris, July 8. In an attempt to head off a drastic cut in the European bread ration and Far Eastern rice allocation the Food and Agricultural Ministers of 33 nations will meet in Paris for four days, starting tomorrow.

The special conference, called by the International Emergency Food Council and the United Nations Food and Agricultural Organization, will draw up a balance sheet of world grain needs and probable grain exports.

Since there is a substantial gap between the amount of cereal grains needed to maintain present bread rations and the amount the United States, Canada, Argentina and Australia can export, the conference will "see how the gap can be closed with the least suffering and pain," Dr. Dennis A. Fitzgerald, Secretary General of the IEFC, told a press conference today.

Citing the especially severe winter freeze of December and February, which destroyed half the winter wheat crop in nearly every country of Europe, Dr. Fitzgerald said the resultant spectre of severe bread shortages was the principal reason for calling the special conference.

"Last year, grain-importing nations of the world asked for 10 million tons of grain more

than could be supplied," he said. "This coming crop year, that is, from June 30 last until next July, the situation will be even more desperate. This conference will force nations who are members of the IEFC and FAO to look ahead and to plan their grain collection programmes on the basis of what supplies will be available."

"We are not trying to force standardization of the bread ration in various importing countries or anything like that. We hope to lay facts and figures on the table and to suggest overall government food policies consistent with predicted supplies."—United Press.

REPATRIATES

The Hague, July 8. The first batch of 50 Germans to be repatriated by the Dutch under their deportation scheme crossed the frontier today, escorted by the State police. They were taken over by the Allied authorities and removed to Lustringen camp, near Osnabrueck.—Reuter.

MARSHALL PLAN CONFERENCE

Twelve Nations Accept Anglo-French Invitation

United States To Be Represented

London, July 8. Twelve of the 22 countries invited to Saturday's Paris talks on the Marshall plan for helping Europe have now said "yes."

Three more are expected to do so after tomorrow's meeting of the Danish, Norwegian and Swedish Foreign Ministers and Trade Ministers in Copenhagen.

Austria today unanimously decided to accept the invitation, a Vienna dispatch said. The Cabinet decided that Austria cannot afford to stand aloof from the European plan to be worked out in Paris, especially as no political conditions were attached and the proposed organisation would not interfere in the domestic affairs of countries accepting the invitation.

Dr. Adolf Schnerf, Austrian Vice-Chancellor, commented: "We hope that Austria can take part in the European plan. We hope by such participation not to run the risk of being drawn into the vortex of the conflict of views of the east and west but rather that Austria will have the possibility of taking her place as a small but free country in the community of free nations."

Switzerland's acceptance, decided on today, contains the

proviso that the conference shall be purely economic and not political in character, it is learned from Zurich.

The third acceptance today was by Iceland.

A resolution, saying that Hungary wants to take part in the Paris conference, unless political conditions are attached to the economic help offered, was passed unanimously at a meeting of deputies of the Smallholder Party, largest in the Hungarian Parliament, according to a message from Budapest.

As Hungary, under the armistice terms, had no right to make economic and financial decisions without the permission of the Allied Control Council, the meeting proposed that the Council's opinion be sought before the Hungarian Government takes its decision.

Mr. William Clayton, United States Under-Secretary of

CLACTON TRAGEDY

Clacton, Essex, July 8. Police who broke into a house at Avondale Road, Clacton, this morning found a Royal Air Force man, Wing-Commander Cecil Leslie Gould (39), and his 13-year-old daughter, shot dead. His eight-year-old son, also shot, died later in hospital.

Only a few minutes earlier Gould's wife visited the police station, and police raced to the house to try to save three lives.—Reuter.

State, who arrived in Paris today, will present the Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall's aid plan to Europe to the Paris conference, opening on Saturday, it was learned in Washington today.

Poland's Decision
Poland's formal decision on the Anglo-French invitation to the Paris conference on the Marshall plan for Europe will be taken tomorrow.

A Polish Foreign Office spokesman said tonight: "We have certain reserves with regard to the Anglo-French proposals which do not seem to give sufficient guarantees for an equal right of each invited country in the European organization for just preferences in favour of the victims of German aggression."

"We hope that this organization will be within the framework of the United Nations. On the other hand, we are keenly interested in all measures of economic reconstruction." —Reuter.

Empire Discussions On Pacific Peace

Melbourne, July 8. Commenting on next month's British Commonwealth Conference to discuss questions relating to the Japanese peace settlement, Dr. Evatt, the Minister of External Affairs, said today that the holding of the Canberra discussions was in accordance with long-established practice whereby countries of the British Commonwealth discussed, without commitment, matters subsequently to be discussed at an international conference.

He was apparently replying to criticism in some American newspapers that the Commonwealth Conference might precipitate a breach in American relations with the British Commonwealth.

The procedure, said Dr. Evatt, is well understood by all the nations concerned and have been frequently followed by other nations cooperating on the basis of regional or other special interests.

Dr. Evatt is establishing an advisory committee to examine questions related to the Japanese settlement under the chairmanship of Sir Frederic Eggeston, former Australian Minister to China and the United States, who had been working on these questions with departmental officers, both abroad and in Canberra.—Reuter.

Lord Addison, the Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations, and Mr. Hector McNeill, Minister of State, will represent Britain at the Conference of representatives of the British

Gun Duel In Packed Motor Bus

New York, July 7. Passengers on a crowded bus in Times Square—the heart of New York—got more than they bargained for with their 5-cent fare when they witnessed a gun duel between a robber and a policeman inside the jam-packed vehicle.

The bandit, who had just robbed a jewelry store, was killed, and the policeman seriously wounded in the duel which within a few seconds attracted more than 10,000 lunch-hour pedestrians.

The bandit, Joseph Fernandez, robbed the store of more than \$10,000 worth of jewelry and jumped into the passing bus in the hope of escaping. Policeman Daniel Murphy, seeing the owner of the store and a crowd rush after the thief, also hopped aboard and the driver then closed the doors so the bandit could not escape.

While 40 frightened passengers ducked behind seats and crouched on the floor, Fernandez fired six shots, two of which struck Murphy in the chest and abdomen.

Taking careful aim while holding on to a seat before sagging to the floor, Murphy fired three shots, one of which struck Fernandez between the eyes, killing him instantly.

Thousands of spectators around the bus caused a traffic jam that prevented other police and an ambulance from reaching the bus. The driver finally drove to a police station where Murphy was rushed to a hospital. His condition is serious.—United Press.

Soviets Reject UNO Findings

LAKE SUCCESS, JULY 8. THE SOVIET DELEGATE, M. GROMYKO, TOLD THE SECURITY COUNCIL TODAY THAT THE GREEK ACCUSATIONS AGAINST YUGOSLAVIA, ALBANIA AND BULGARIA OF ARMING AND TRAINING REFUGEES FROM GREECE WERE COMPLETELY WITHOUT PROOF AND UNFOUNDED.

The evidence was contradictory and not clear, he said, refuting the witnesses who had testified before the United Nations Balkan Commission.

M. Gromyko opposed the United States proposal that the Security Council should accept the Commission's findings and also to appoint a permanent Balkan border commission.

Speaking for the first time on the Greek question since the Balkan Commission reported that the majority of its members considered that Yugoslavia, Albania and Bulgaria aided the guerrillas in Greek frontier incidents, M. Gromyko said that the Greek accusations relating to the admission of refugees by her northern neighbours were unfounded.

M. Gromyko submitted a long resolution, finding that "the existing situation in Greece as well as its northern regions was to a considerable degree the consequence of foreign interference in the internal affairs of Greece." —Reuter.

U.S. Attitude

Lake Success, July 9. The United States served notice today that it would reject any compromise plans growing out of Russia's counter-proposal to the UNO on the Balkan disorders.

A spokesman said the American demands for a semi-permanent border commission, to watch over Greece's frontiers with Albania, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria are not affected by the latest Russian arguments. He added that the Security Council eventually would force Russia to veto or abstain in view of her announced refusal to accept the American motion.—Associated Press.

Egypt's Complaint

WASHINGTON, JULY 8. EGYPT'S COMPLAINT AGAINST THE CONTINUED PRESENCE OF BRITISH FORCES IN EGYPT AND THE SUDAN WILL BE LODGED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL EARLY NEXT WEEK, IT WAS LEARNED AT THE EGYPTIAN EMBASSY HERE TODAY.

The Egyptian Ambassador was to leave Washington for New York tomorrow where he was to remain until the Security Council concludes its deliberations on the Egyptian complaint.

On arrival he was to make contact with United Nations officials to arrange for the formal delivery of the note embodying the Egyptian demand for the immediate evacuation of British troops.

This note was brought from Cairo last week by Abd El Kahrashy. The secretary will accompany the ambassador to New York.—Reuter.

GREEK AID AGREEMENT

Athens, July 8. The Greek-United States agreement for American aid to Greece was signed here today by the United States Ambassador and the Greek Premier.

The American Congress has authorized \$300,000,000 for Greek relief.

Under today's agreement aid supplies will be confined to food and medical supplies, clothing material, fertilizers, fuel and seeds.—Reuter.

much more food than they will get at Spandau.

In future they will be treated more severely in accordance with German prison regulations.

The nine-month delay in their transfer is due to the long Allied debate about the exact terms of their confinement. The argument was recently settled with the four powers agreeing on a policy of solitary confinement in cells on either side of the narrow, oblong prison wing.

This wing has been isolated from the rest of the vast, gloomy gaol to prevent communication between them. There will be communal but silent labour duties, religious services and exercise.—Reuter.

Soviet Satellites Repudiate Tass

London, July 8. The nations of the Soviet sphere of Eastern Europe today flatly and officially denied a report by Tass, the official Russian propaganda agency, that they had rejected invitations to the Paris Marshall plan conference.

Tass, in a Paris dispatch early today, said that Poland, Rumania and Yugoslavia had rejected the Paris bids. The Tass dispatch was broadcast shortly after Czechoslovakia, disregarding ominous Soviet warnings, accepted the invitation from Britain and France.

Diplomatic observers believe the Tass statement was designed to offset the Czech acceptance, which they said might influence other Eastern European nations. It is known that Czech and Polish officials jointly discussed the Marshall proposals, possibly with a view to a common stand on the matter.

Radio Moscow today continued its thunderous barrage of propaganda against the Marshall plan and warned European nations it would cost them their sovereignty and make them slaves of the United States.

A New Times editorial, broadcast this afternoon, said acceptance of the Anglo-French plan for Marshall plan machinery "would mean that the European countries would have to adapt their economies to the interests of the United States."

"This would mean that European countries receiving such assistance would have to submit to interference in their internal affairs, they would lose the right to decide for themselves on what lines their economic life should develop and that most of them would lose economic independence and consequently their national sovereignty," the broadcast said.

The New Times charged that Britain and France were planning, not the economic rehabilitation of Europe "but American tutelage of Europe with Britain and France in the role of American business managers in Europe, in the role of European bullfrogs of the new Trans-Atlantic master."

"In the plans proposed by Britain and France, relations between the United States and its British and French intermediaries on one hand and the European countries on the other definitely are in the nature of the cooperation between a horseman and his horse," the editorial said.—United Press.

Lausanne, July 8. The Aga Khan, who is lying ill in the Palace Hotel here, was reported today to be "much better." —Reuter.

Flood Threat In Indochina

Saigon, July 8. The Viet Nam authorities have denied the French allegation that they are cutting the dykes and breaching the canals in an effort to flood large areas of Tonkin (north Indochina), including Hanoi and Haiphong towns.

Stating that Dr. Ho Chi Minh, leader of the Viet Nam, has instructed all "soldiers and technicians to protect the dykes and dams," the Viet Nam radio, in a communique, stated last night:

"Whereas the Viet Nam people are doing everything to strengthen the river defences, the planes of the French Army are constantly bombing our men who are guarding them." —Reuter.

Nazi Generals On Trial

Frankfurt, July 8. The trial of eleven former Nazi generals began in Nuernberg today. They are accused of war crimes against humanity, and all pleaded not guilty.

The defendants include Field Marshal Sigmund Wilhelm List, former Inspector-General of Reserves in the German Army.

With the exception of one charge relating to Norway, the generals were all charged with atrocities during the German occupation of the Balkans.

The indictment declared that all the defendants ordered or took a consenting part in the murder of hundreds of thousands of civilians from all walks of life who, when German troops were attacked, were summarily executed without trial at a ratio of 50 to 100 for every German soldier killed.

After hearing the indictments and the pleas, the Court adjourned until July 15.

Meanwhile, reports from Berlin state that strictest security precautions are being applied to preserve secrecy about the transfer of Rudolf Hess, Karl Doenitz and five other sentenced Nazis from Nuernberg to the grim fortress prison of Spandau, in the outskirts of Berlin.



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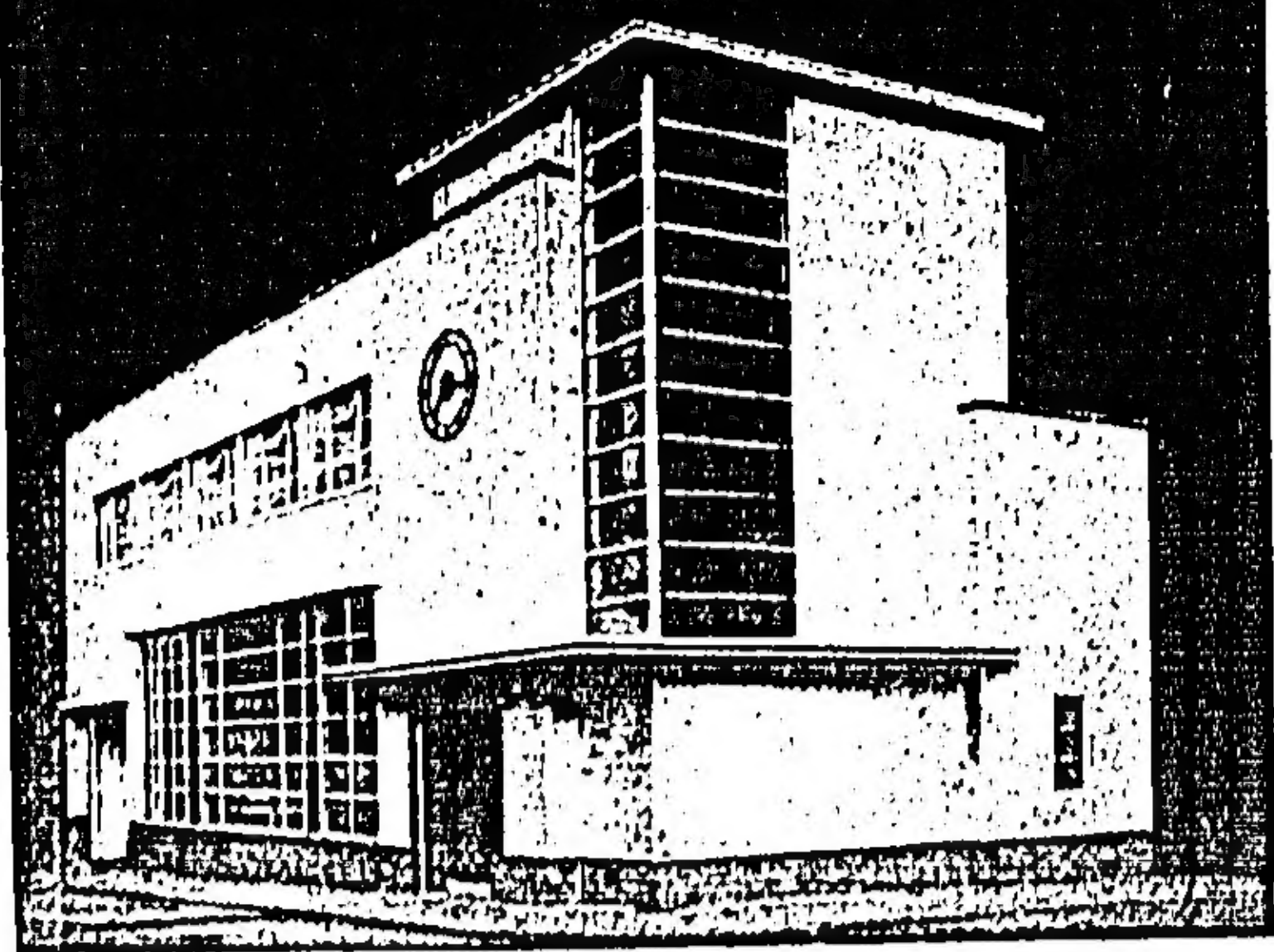
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Institute In Full Activity

The year 1946, the first complete year since hostilities ended, saw the resumption of all the normal activities of the Institute of Marine Engineers. As the result of the influx of 505 new members, giving a net increase of 379, the numerical strength of the Institute now exceeds 5,000. The actual figures, according to the annual report of the Council for 1946, were 5,129 on December 31 last, against 4,750 on January 1, 1946.

Eleven technical papers, in addition to Sir Amos L. Ayre's presidential address, were published in the Institute's "Transactions" during the year, and the Denny Gold Medal, for the best paper contributed by a member during the year, has been awarded to Mr. W. Sampson, the author of "Notes on Steam Jet Refrigeration for Marine Purposes."

The Institute Silver Medal for the best paper contributed by a non-member has been awarded to Dr. W. Ker Wilson for his contribution, "Oil-Engine Dynamics, with special reference to the Opposed-Piston Engine."

The executive committee of the Education Group have taken over from the Junior Section Committee the arrangement of the programme of junior-section lectures and this has now been extended to universities and technical colleges in provincial centres, as well as in London. Since October, 1946, lectures have been held at Southampton, Liverpool, Belfast, Sunderland, Swansea and Cardiff, and at Paddington, Woolwich, East Ham, Croydon and the Northampton Polytechnic, and King's College, London. Progress towards the attainment of the target of 100,000, to finance the erection of the Marine Engineers' National War Memorial Building has been made. On November 13, 1946, a first list of subscriptions was published showing that a total of 41,410 had been reached. By December 31, this total had increased to 44,171, and further progress has been made since that date.

Weather Reports By Radio

An intricate little radio set attached to a balloon six feet in diameter, soaring about 12 miles into the sky and descending to earth by parachute.

This is the latest method of obtaining accurate weather reports. It was developed by scientists of the Meteorological office to assist the RAF during the war.

Now it has been adopted for civil aviation and the Salford Electrical Instruments works of The General Electric Co., Ltd. of England have re-designed the instrument for quality production.

The new instrument provides the most accurate meteorological readings yet obtained from the stratosphere. Britain is now ahead of any other country in the development of this technique. The instrument is called "Radio Sonda." It is a polished black cylinder from which project delicate aluminium housings in which are sensitive barometers, thermometers. As it rises into the air it broadcasts a radio signal which is received as a musical note, varying according to the different conditions encountered during its ascent.

The transmission is picked up by a radio receiver on the ground, and the exact value of the note is determined by using a miniature television tube as an indicator. These results are plotted and within a few minutes of the instrument's ascent into the stratosphere having been completed, results are sent by teleprinter to the Central Forecasting office at Dunstable.

Measurements of the speed and direction of the upper winds are obtained by tracking the balloon by radar.

When the balloon bursts, a small parachute opens and brings it safely to earth. Each instrument carries a stamped addressed postcard and an offer of 5/- reward for its recovery.

Many are lost at sea, but those recovered can generally be used again after only slight overhaul. The General Electric Co. of England is the parent company of The British General Electric Co., Ltd. of Queen's Building Hong Kong.

The engineer, like most other specialised professional men, is a dull fellow, unless perchance you meet him on his own ground. It is seldom indeed that one finds engineers in prominent public positions and those who, by virtue of their seniority in the profession, do attain such positions seldom appear to the layman to be wide in their vision or to contribute a great deal to the administration of the community. The engineers of Hong Kong are no exception, in fact it is perhaps true to say that they are, if anything, worse than their fellow professionals in other parts.

The reply of the average engineer to this accusation more often than not is that his work and training are of such a nature as to afford him little time to devote to matters outside his knowledge; that it would be a better world if a few more people did their own job properly and thought less about their own personal aggrandisement or political meddling.

Conscience Stirring

This riposte is an admission of weakness for it reflects the type of mind which says "tell us what you want done and we will see that it is done"; not why it is necessary to do it, or what will be the effect on the lives of other people around us if we carry out these orders.

There are, however, indications that the public conscience of our local engineering community is stirring and most heartening is the news that there is a move afoot to form an Engineering Society of Hong Kong similar to the body which has existed for many years in Shanghai under the name of The Engineering Society of China. The terms of reference of this proposed society and the framework of its

activities will, of very necessity, have to be largely professional in nature, however it is to be hoped that the society will not spend all its time in the reading of highly specialised and technical papers drawn largely from outside the Colony.

Properly and imaginatively used, this society could see to it that those engineering problems which have vital bearing upon the present functioning and future development of the colony, receive full and specialist attention. Whilst in many cases it

By A Special Correspondent

activities will be limited to the reading of papers contributed by single individuals, it could provide valuable training to senior as well as junior members by forming several teams or committees to study and make recommendations upon specific local problems. It has been said, for instance, that the housing problem is largely one of shortage of imported materials: is this true and, if so is it not possible to find local substitute materials, the production of which might well be the birth of fresh industries in the colony? Surely a team of selected engineers and architects would be the best people to answer such a question.

Trolley Buses For Kowloon?

There has also been much talk, and writing to the press on the need for a system of Trolley Buses in Kowloon; again a team within the general framework of

Welding Of Copper And Copper Alloys

At a joint meeting of the Institute of Welding and the Institute of Metals, held in London under the chairmanship of Colonel P.G.J. Guetierbock, C.B., D.S.O., M.A., President of the Institute of Metals, a paper entitled "The Welding of Copper and the Copper-Rich Alloys" was presented by Dr. Maurice Cook and Mr. Edwin Davis, of the Metals Division, Imperial Chemical Industries, Limited, Wilton, Birmingham.

Dr. Cook, who read the paper, said at the outset that it contained a review of existing knowledge on the welding of copper and copper alloys, and also a brief description of investigations on the welding of copper, deoxidised with silicon and other elements, and on the pressure-welding of copper and a range of copper alloys. The authors stated that the assembly of many types of apparatus and vessels by gas welding was a particularly well-established procedure; the oxy-acetylene process, using a neutral flame, was that normally preferred. Phosphorus-deoxidised copper, produced by the addition of the deoxidant, usually in the form of phosphor-copper, had been primarily developed as the welding grade of copper. The presence of residual phosphorus in the copper in quantities ranging from 0.05 per cent. to 0.10 per cent., improved the weldability of the metal and prevented the pick-up of oxygen by the molten metal during welding.

Effect Of Bismuth

The effect of bismuth in copper was very marked; as little as 0.003 per cent. could have a serious deleterious effect on the metal. Even 0.0015 per cent. of bismuth could give rise to embrittlement and cracking at temperatures between 400 deg. and 700 deg. C. Selenium and tellurium occurred in various copper ores and found their way into some types of copper. These were not likely to be supplied to welders, but it might be of interest to record that the presence of as little as 0.01 per cent. of either selenium or tellurium could make a copper virtually unweldable.

Work done on silicon-deoxidised copper indicated that this element had much the same effect as phosphorus and that residual silicon in the copper, up to 0.32 per cent., enhanced the tensile properties of the metal without much reduction in the ductility, as expressed by the elongation value. Variable results, however, had been obtained from welded silicon-deoxi-

dised copper sheets and these conditions had been found to be due to the presence of inclusions in the welded seams.

Except in the case of very thin sheet, copper must be preheated to temperatures of about 500 deg. C., prior to welding and only when the metal was liable to oxidation during the preheating operation need a flux be employed. The welds should be of the plain butt type; fillet and other types of welds introduced difficulties due to the high thermal conductivity of copper.

Copper Alloys

The copper alloys, including such materials as the bronzes, the bronzes and the gilding metals, all had thermal-conductivity values well below that of copper, and the choice of a process for welding them was thus much less restricted. The only technical problem involved in the welding of brass was that of the volatilisation of the zinc. An oxidising flame should always be used for this alloy and it was interesting to note that the presence of even as little as 0.005 per cent. of phosphorus to a large extent prevented the volatilisation of the zinc.

In a series of experiments, silicon bronzes in thicknesses ranging from 1/8 in. to 1 in. had been welded successfully by the carbon-arc process. If due care were given to the preparation of the surfaces, excellent results were obtained when welding tough-pitch copper, tin-bronze, deoxidised copper and 70-30 copper-nickel under pressure. Work in this field indicated that the technique developed was likely to be of increasing interest to persons engaged in the joining of metals. In some cases, the welded joint was difficult to detect on polished and etched sections, even when examined under the microscope.

RADIO IN FRENCH HOSPITAL

The French Convent New Maternity Hospital recently placed an order with the Central Radio and Electric Company for a Philips Radio installation in the new maternity hospital, where all the beds are to be fitted with pillow speakers to enable the patient to listen in to radio programmes without the necessity of using head phones.

The necessary equipment has just arrived, and installation will be completed before the end of this month.

ENGINEERING PAGE

Engineering Society Of Hong Kong Under Discussion

the society should be able to make intelligent research into and express valuable opinions upon an important communal service. Is enough use made of local sunshine for heating water in our domestic hot-water systems; is there a case for electrifying the railway from Kowloon out to the border; what really are the pros and cons for a bridge or tunnel between the island and the mainland; with the obvious change in wage structure in the colony since the war, what mechanisation can be, or should be, introduced into local industries? All of these questions and many more, are awaiting intelligent research. The work entailed in such investigations would no doubt make demands upon the spare time of the engineers forming the teams, but such work would not be wasted and it would be of inestimable value to the community and do much to enhance the reputation of our local engineers. It would also provide really dynamic democracy if the publication of such recommendations on any particular subject be so convincing, and so

awaken public opinion, as to cause Government or local industry to act.

Research Work

In addition to service to the local community, the members of the Society might also contribute to the general body of engineering knowledge by making available to technical bodies in other parts of the world the results of research upon conditions peculiar to this locality. An example of this type of service is provided by the work carried out by a special committee of the Engineering Society of China which, just before the war, was engaged upon investigation into the provision of suitable foundations for tall buildings in the Shanghai area upon which Shanghai has been built. There must be many similar problems upon which the local society might give valuable information to engineers in London or other cities. Let us hope that the proposed Society soon comes into being and that it will provide a useful instrument both to the community as well as to the engineers in particular.

Something New To Hong Kong

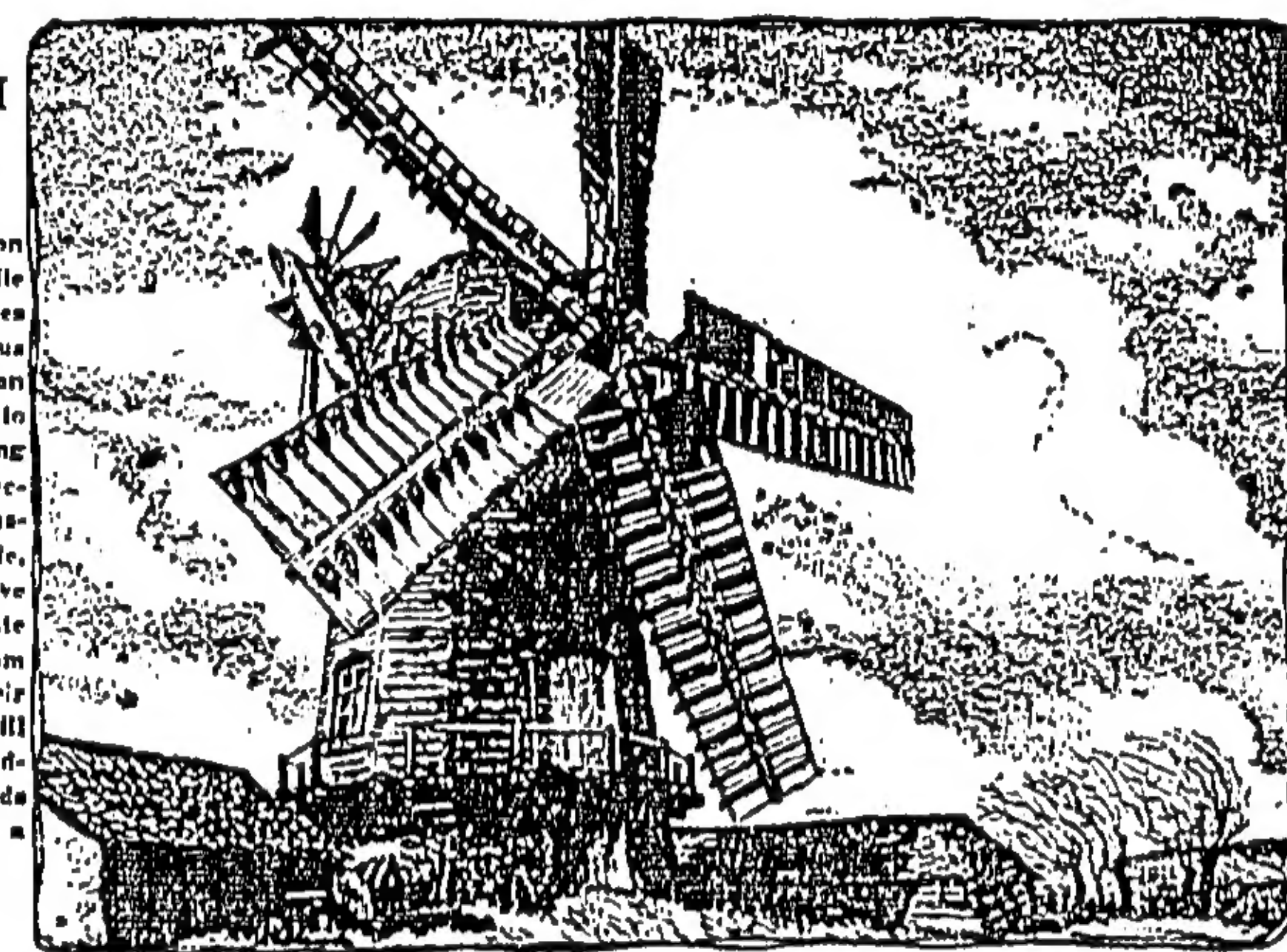
Something new to Hong Kong is the Packard Bell Phonocord which incorporates a 10 tube superheterodyne long and short-wave radio, phonograph and home recorder! The home recording section is very effective, and reproduces speech, song or play as naturally as a commercial record. It also permits programmes pouring from the radio to be reproduced on records. These records are priced at a very reasonable rate, and might prove an alternative to sending your greetings and regards by letter.

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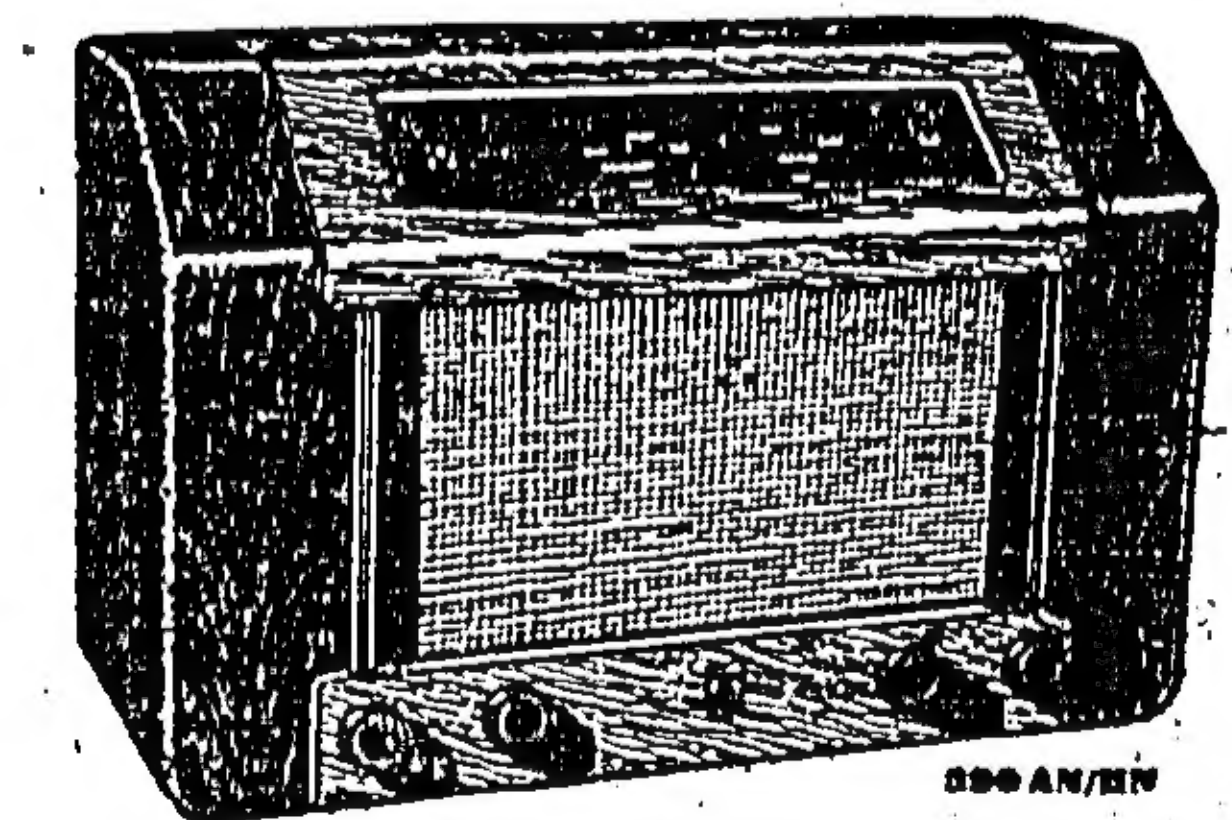
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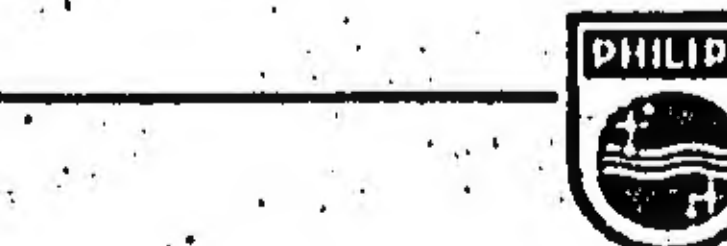
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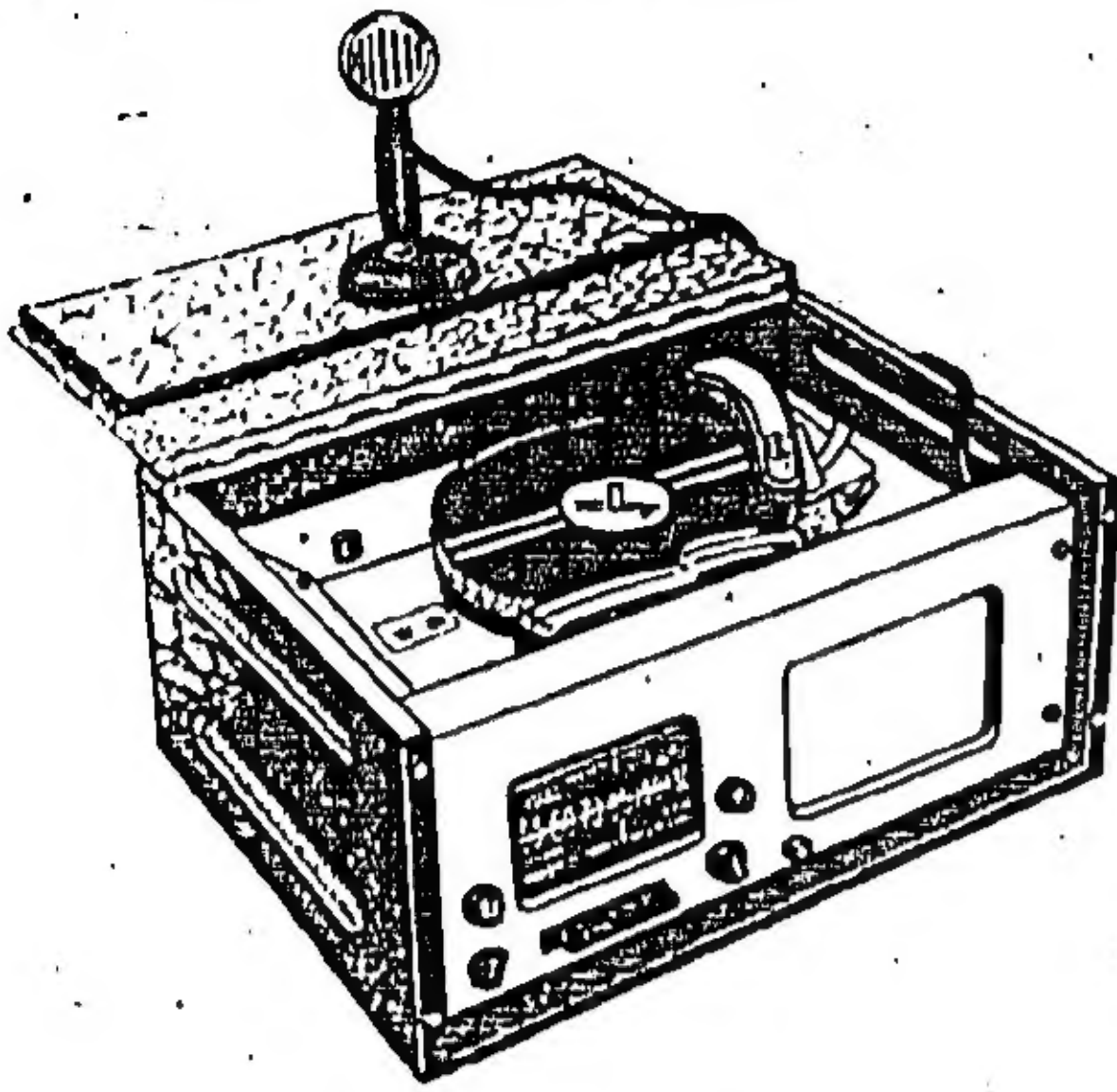
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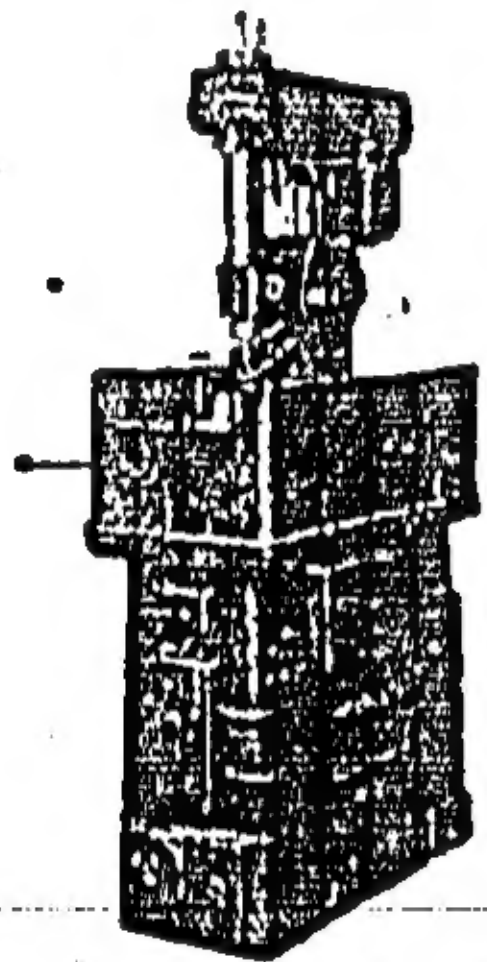
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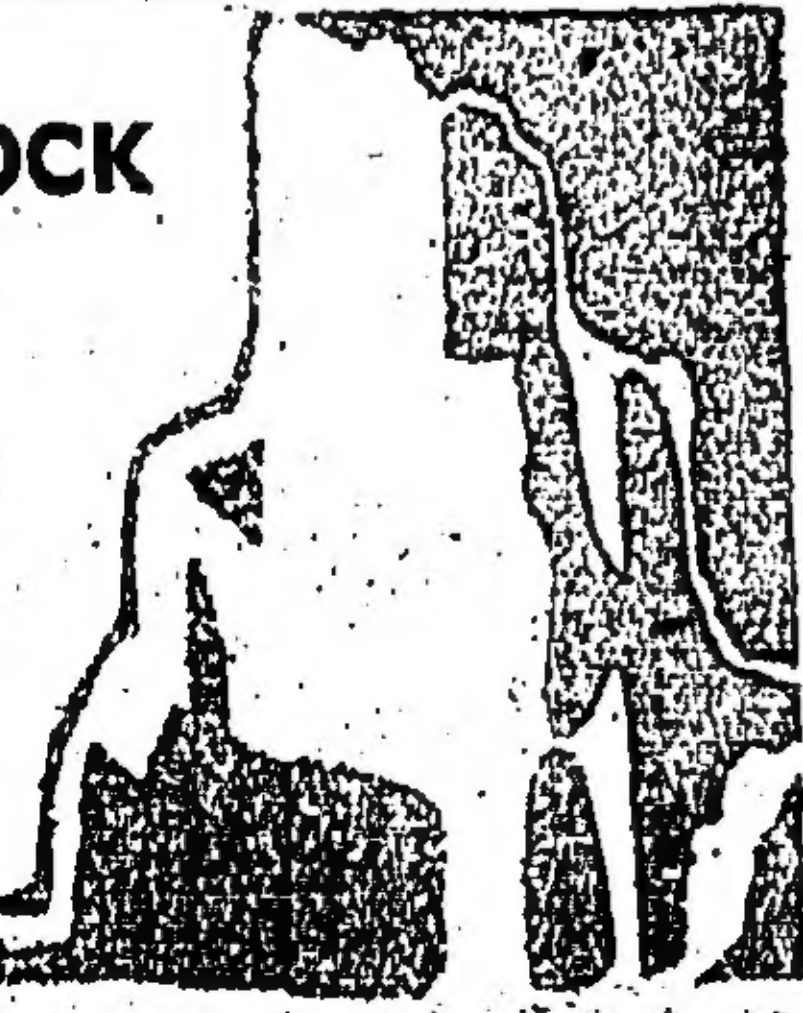
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ENGINEERING NEWS (Continued from Page Eight)

Double Negative Arc Lamp Is A New Development

One of the most recent achievements of the Research Laboratories of the General Electric Co. Ltd. of England is the design of a new 150 amp arc lamp for use in film studios. It is known as a double negative arc lamp and employs one positive carbon and two negative carbons each of the latter being 8 mm. in diameter.

The positive carbon has been specially developed for use with this new lamp. It is 16 mm. in diameter and is, therefore, of the high intensity type in which the core is comparatively large in diameter and is heavily impregnated with compounds of the rare earths. In the high intensity arc a high current density is maintained in the positive crater, thereby generating an intense heat which volatilizes the core materials and so forms a comparatively deep crater filled with the highly incandescent vapours which rise from the core. These vapours constitute the light source, and the use of a core of suitable chemical composition ensures that the light emitted is the correct colour for colour photography.

Hitherto, film studios have used arc lamps each fitted with one negative per positive. Lamps employing this carbon arrangement consume about 150 amperes and are prone to emit a bubbling or "frying"

noise which may be reproduced on the sound track of the finished film. This interference is often a serious source of trouble to the sound recording engineers who sometimes resort to recording the sound separately and synchronizing it with the picture at a later stage in order to eliminate the interference entirely.

The production of the interference is dependent upon the current flowing through the negative carbon and the intensity of the noise increases with the increase of current. Oscillograms were obtained by placing a suitable microphone close to the arc, amplifying the microphone output and then recording it on an oscilloscope. The amplitude is a measure of the noise intensity. The disproportionate increase of noise at 90 amperes suggested that a more silent arc at higher currents could be produced if the load was shared between more than one negative. Subsequent experiments with a 150 ampere arc employing two negatives each carrying 75 amperes resulted in an appreciable decrease in the noise emanating from the arc.

Further experiments revealed that the amount of noise produced was, to some extent, dependent upon the exact positions of the negatives in relation to the positive. It was found that the noise was still further reduced when the negatives were set at an angle of 100 degrees to each other and pointing downward towards the positive at an angle of 50 degrees.

It should be noted that the use of two negatives reduces only the inherent noise of the arc, i.e. the bubbling or "frying" noise. The two negatives have no appreciable effect upon the noise which an arc produces if connected to an unsmoothed, or insufficiently smoothed supply. In these circumstances an arc, whether it employs one or two negatives, will act like a loudspeaker and convert electric current of a suitable frequency into audible sound.

Voltage Drop
The reduction of extraneous noises is not the only advantage of the double negative lamp. The use of two negatives also has the effect of reducing the voltage drop across the arc from 65, which is normal for a single negative, arc lamp, to 48 volts, and this enables a considerable saving in current to be made when a given amount of light is required. As the useful light produced by the arc is generated only in the positive crater, the power expended in the remainder of the arc cannot be utilized for producing light, and so the economy of power achieved makes the double negative lamp a more efficient light source than the corresponding single negative lamp.

It is necessary, however, that this economy of power shall apply to the complete circuit, not to the arc alone, before it represents a real saving to the user. The complete arc circuit normally consists of an arc lamp with a ballast resistance in series, the latter having a value so that the total voltage drop across the arc and resistance is equal to the supply voltage of 115 volts. Thus, in the case of

the single negative 150 ampere arc, there is a drop of 65 volts across the arc and 50 volts across the resistance, and the total power consumed is 150 x 115 watts, i.e. 17,250 kilowatts.

It would appear, at first sight, that the reduced arc voltage of the double negative lamp would not lead to any economy in the complete arc circuit, for the power reduction in the arc would have to be compensated by an increased power loss in the ballast resistance. The reduction in voltage, however, is sufficiently great to bring the arc voltage well below half of the supply voltage, and this suggested that it should be possible to run two double negative arc lamps in series, thereby lighting two lamps for the same power consumption used by the one lamp and its ballast resistance. Test showed that this was an entirely practical arrangement which enables a studio set to be lighted with a power consumption of one half of that required for corresponding lighting with single negative lamps.

In Series
The table shows how much of the total power input is used in producing light and how much current is dissipated. In the ballast resistances of a single negative lamp, and two double negative lamps.

The double negative arc lamp can also, if necessary, be used in the manner of the single negative arc, i.e. one lamp in series with a suitable large ballast resistance. Such an arrangement obviously is not advisable when circumstances permit the series running of two lamps, but may be necessary for certain situations. To facilitate the use of one lamp or two in series, a combined ballast resistance and switch unit has been developed.

In order to obtain maximum value from the improvements effected by this novel arrangement of the arc, great care has been taken with the constructional details. The motor driving the speed mechanism, and the mechanical details of the carbon feed have been carefully chosen and arranged to provide a completely silent drive. The motor is fixed to the lamp by a flexible mounting so that mechanical vibrations are not transmitted to the metal lamp housing which otherwise might act as a sounding board and emit quite appreciable noise. The gears used are carefully cut and finished, and the fast-moving components are located with the motor on the anti-vibration mounting.

Air Change
Both the lamp mechanism and the lamp house are made, as far as possible, from light alloy materials in order to keep weight down to a minimum and the ventilation system permits a high rate of air change so that efficient cooling is obtained. The inlet of the ventilation system is fitted with baffles which serve the twofold purpose of preventing light from the arc escaping through the inlet and directing the flow of clean air over the inner surface of the refractor. Such an air flow prevents the deposition of fume from the arc on to the refractor and so avoids the loss in lumen output that would otherwise occur. The baffles in the outlet serve only to prevent the escape of spill light, and are arranged to impede the flow of air as little as possible.

The lamp is intended to be used with a refractor of the Fresnel type and will take any make of refractor. 20 inches in diameter, the normal size for this type of lamp. It is fitted with a spill ring which absorbs the light scattered at oblique angles by this type of refractor.

Any further information on this new development may be obtained from the offices of the British General Electric Co. Ltd. of Queen's Building, Hong Kong, who are direct representatives of the General Electric Co. Ltd. of England.

SATELLITE TOWN
Plans to build a satellite town near Margam (Glamorgan) to house thousands of men required for the vast steel-strip plant now under construction have been abandoned. At a special meeting of Port Talbot Council it was stated that valuable coal seams close to the surface had been discovered in the area. Preparations were well advanced to build on the site but Government officials advised the local council to accept the inevitable. Possible alternative sites are being inspected at Aberavon, Margam, and Baginbun.

Stratheden Engines Survive Test

The reconditioning of the Stratheden, at Barrow, has enabled a thorough overhaul of her engines to be made and it is gratifying to know that during the prolonged and trying period of the war years, when she steamed 408,000 miles, the machinery and boilers did not give one moment's anxiety and the ship never missed a sailing date nor a convoy. Indeed, at the northern convoy ports the ship established something of a reputation for reliability.

Whilst the work of reconditioning the passenger accommodation was proceeding, the boilers, turbines, and auxiliary machinery were opened up for examination and, apart from replacements due to normal wear and tear, no major repairs of any significance were undertaken and no alterations found necessary.

The refrigerating machinery, particularly for cargo purposes, has been overhauled and made ready for the task of carrying much needed food from Australia to the U.K.

It is significant that after ten years service, which included arduous war duties, no alterations to the machinery have been found necessary. The efficient condition of the engines and boilers is a tribute to the Builders who put such good work into them and to the Officers who maintained the machinery so well in spite of the long hours and hard steaming made necessary by active service conditions.

Stratheden is the first P. and O. liner to make a normal passenger voyage since the war. She is now on her way to Australia from U.K.

A Book On Planning

BY JAMES
J. GILLESPIE

(Sir Isaac Pitman and Sons, Limited, 12, 6d. net.)

Mr. Gillespie has had considerable experience of reorganizing engineering works of varying size and character, and his book is not to be numbered among those advocating particular systems of production planning, as says at the outset that, with increasing experience, he tends to pay less attention to system and more to people's attitudes, and the emphasis throughout is on principles rather than methods. Where, however, he is dealing with technical operations—as, for example, in two excellent chapters on inspection—he is precise and to the point. It is unusual, for instance, to find so clear an exposition of the relationship between workshop and inspection gauge tolerances in a work of this kind. The inclusion of a section on surface finish is further evidence that the book is abreast of the best modern practice on the technical side. Again, on the subject of material control, the author writes: "The majority of executive engineers and metal founders are not yet 'science-conscious' to the extent that they are 'stop-watch, planning-board, and budget-conscious.' Yet the cost of equipping and running a real material control department and laboratory is not excessive." The book is comprehensive and includes office methods and time study in its subject matter, but this quotation should reassure the potential reader that these things are kept in their proper perspective.

In short, this is an engineer's book, and the engineer will appreciate the author's commonsense tempering of some of the more extreme pseudo-scientific methods of feed and speed processing and time-study methods that have been advocated, as well as his attention to some of the more often neglected parts of an engineering works, such as the forge.

**THE PALESTINE
INQUIRY**
Jerusalem, July 8.
UNSCOP announced today that it will re-examine David Horowitz and Fritz Bernstein, Jewish Agency industrial expert, for cross-examination at tomorrow's session.

Delegates met in a closed session this afternoon and discussed the possibilities of including Cyprus in the itinerary, but no action was taken.—United Press.

Manchester Extending Tubes

The linking up of Manchester's main line railway stations by two mile-long underground railways with sub-stations at the Royal Exchange, Piccadilly and Mount Street is envisaged in a plan for the modernisation of Lancashire, Cheshire, and North Staffordshire transport recently presented by Mr. Ellis Smith M.P. to a special industrial conference of the Lancashire and Cheshire Federation of Trades Councils. The scheme would cost the city at least £6,000,000 and if the lines were electrified a further £16,000 per mile would be required. The project according to Mr. Ellis Smith, would mean that half the central area of the city would be within three minutes walk of the entrance to an underground station with considerable saving in travelling time. During rush hours the underground trains would run every two minutes and be capable of carrying a peak load of 100,000 passengers each hour. Another proposal in the construction of a North Western outer and inner electric railway service. The outer circle would link Preston, Southport, Liverpool, Birkenhead, Chester, Crewe, Stoke-on-Trent, Buxton, Sheffield, Barnsley, Leeds, Bradford, Burnley, and Blackburn. The inner circle would cover the area extending from Rochdale, Bury, Bolton, Manchester to Oldham.

Meanwhile discussions go on regarding the construction of satellite towns in the Lancashire and Cheshire areas, but only one of the three suggested sites in the North West is likely to be selected for the time being. With Knutsford-Ollerston this would make two new towns. The scheme has been described as "for the Manchester and Lancashire industrial areas." It is not yet known which of the three suggested sites will be chosen. They are near Eccleston in the Chorley area, in the Carnforth-Garstang-Inglewhite area, and at Gorton, near Northwich, Cheshire. Mr. Silkin, Minister for Town and Country Planning considers he can find homes for most of Manchester's 300,000 overspill in building two new towns and expanding existing settlements. The main idea is that such new towns should not be dormitories for Manchester but be self-supporting entities with their own industries.

Bid For Speed Record

London, July 7 (U.P.S.)—A special Raiton car, in which Mr. John Cobb, the English speed driver, hopes to beat his own record of 369.7 miles per hour set up August 1939, was on view at Brooklands motor track, near London, yesterday.

Mr. Cobb is taking the car to Benneville, Saltfats, Utah, in the U.S.A., where he will make his attempt. He said yesterday that, in ideal conditions, the car might reach a speed of 400 miles per hour.

The Raiton has two 1250 horsepower Napier aeroengines and tyres specially designed by the Dunlop Rubber Company. These tyres have been tested at the equivalent of 420 miles per hour and 50 are being sent with the car to allow for trials as well as for the record runs. They have a smooth surface and a tread only one-fifth of an inch thick.

The record attempt will form a part of the Utah centennial celebrations and will probably take place towards the end of August.

MILITARY CROSS

London, July 8.
The Military Cross has been awarded to 25 year old Flight Lieutenant William Collard of the Royal Air Force, a member of a team which parachuted into Elephant Point, the position to be captured. Previously, Collard had made only two parachute jumps. Subsequently he commanded a similar team which operated for three months with the clandestine forces in the Mawchi area of the Karen hills in Burma.—Router.

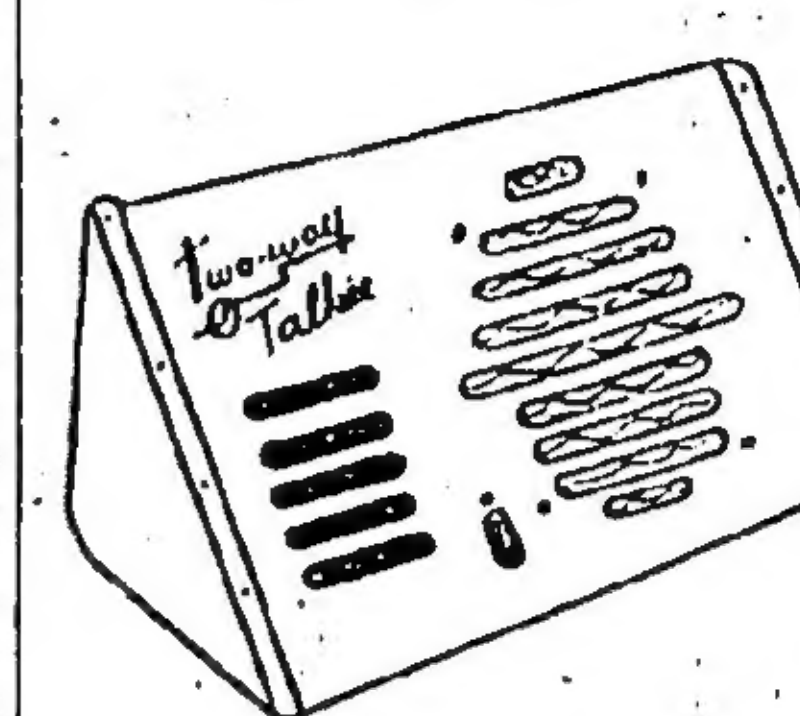
ROTARY CLUB TALK

A talk on airfield construction in Great Britain during war-time was given by Rotarian D. S. Hill at Tuesday's weekly luncheon of the Hong Kong Rotary Club.

The speaker dwelt at length upon all phases of aerodrome construction, from the blueprint stage to the actual completion and running of the airfield, and touched upon the shortcomings of the earlier airfields and the improvements put

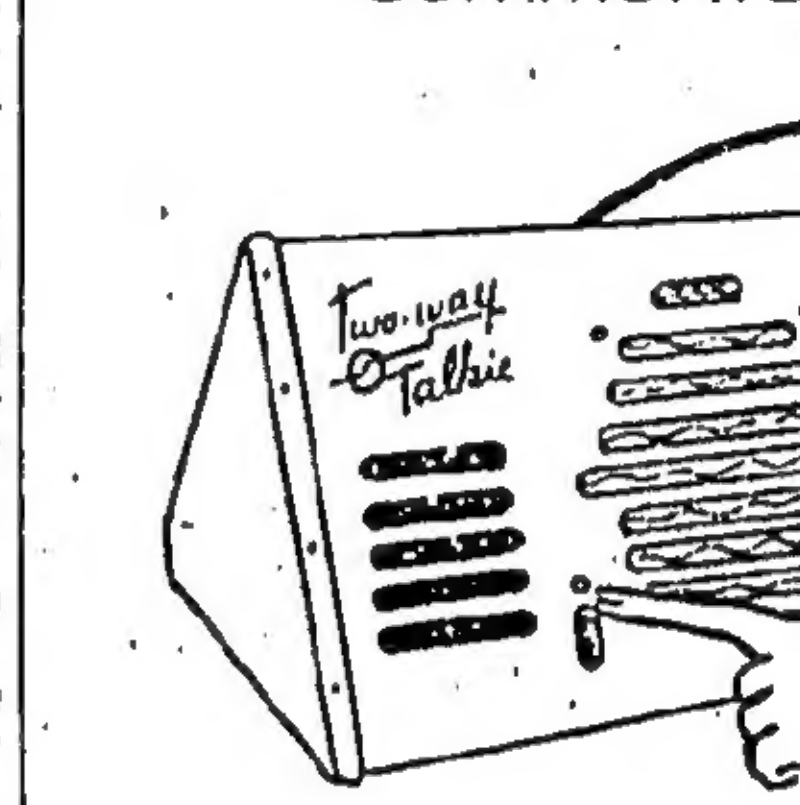
in from time to time as the war progressed. A vote of thanks to the speaker, proposed by Rotarian K. A. Goh, was endorsed unanimously. The new Club President, Dr. F. I. Tseung, took the chair yesterday, and extended a welcome to two visiting Rotarians, Albert T. Quon from Los Angeles and W. A. Fuges from Bombay. The only guest present was Mr. K. Smith Mitchell.

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"HUNAN"	Swatow 3 p.m. 10th July
"NANCHANG"	Keelung Noon 11th July
"NANCHANG"	Amoy, Shanghai & Tientsin 8 a.m. 16th July
"SHENGRING"	Shanghai, 4 p.m. 18th July
"NANCHANG"	Singapore & Penang D.L. 19th July
"SZECHUEN"	Shanghai & Kobe 4 p.m. 21st July
"PAKHOT"	Shanghai 4 p.m. 23rd July
"NINGHAI"	Bangkok 4 p.m. 23rd July
"FOOCHOW"	S'pore, Batavia, Sourabaya & Marassas D.L. 24th July
"SHANTUNG"	Pakhoi, Hailow & Tsamkong 10 a.m. 25th July

ARRIVALS FROM

"PAKHOT"	Bangkok 17th July
"NINGHAI"	Singapore 18th July
"SZECHUEN"	Java & S'pore 18th July
"SHANTUNG"	H'phong, Pakhoi, Hailow & Tsamkong 21st July

CANTON RIVER LINE

"FATSHAN"	Arrives 3 p.m. 11th July
"WUSUEH"	Sails 5 a.m. 13th July
	Sails 00.01 a.m. 11th July
	Arrives 3 p.m. 13th July

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

U.K. SERVICE**Arrivals from**

"SARPEDON"	U.K. via Straits 12th July
"ANCHISES"	U.K. via Straits 16th July
"MENELAUS"	U.K. via Straits Early Aug.
"EUMAEUS"	U.K. via Straits Early Aug.

Sailings to

"GLENAPP"	Glasgow, Harve, and Glasgow via Port Said Late July
"SARPEDON"	Liverpool via Port Said Late July

NEW YORK SERVICE**Arrivals from**

"RIKENOR"	U.S.A. via Manila 3rd week July
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Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Arrivals from

"SHANSI"	Australia 19th July
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Sailings to

"SHANSI"	Sydney & Melbourne Early August
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Pacific Coast	14th July	m.v. "DONA ANICETA"
	Early August	m.v. "MANGALORE"

ARRIVALS

From	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	20th July	m.v. "DONA AURORA"
Pacific Coast	6th August	m.v. "BATAAN"

SAILINGS

For	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	23rd July	m.v. "DONA AURORA"
Pacific Coast	9th August	m.v. "BATAAN"

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M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	Oct. 15

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ARRIVALS FROM N.Y. & OTHER U.S. PORTS.

M.S. "LAURA MAERSK"	In Port
M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK"	Aug. 1
M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	Aug. 5

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Britain Plans Beginning Soon After August
Serious Rioting
In Calcutta

(From Fraser Wighton, Reuters Political Correspondent)

London, July 8.
The British Government, I understand from reliable quarters, intend to begin the withdrawal of British troops from India as early as possible after the transfer of power date—August 15.

No official information is yet available on the subject, but it is believed that reference will be made to it in the course of the debate on the second reading of the Indian Independence Bill in the House of Commons on Thursday.

The Conservative Opposition, I understand, has now named its leading speaker for the debate. It is expected that Mr. Harold Macmillan, former Resident in the Middle East and "Shadow Cabinet" member, will open for his party and that Sir John Anderson, former Governor of Bengal, will speak later.

Mr. Richard Butler, former India Under-Secretary, who is usually his party's chief India spokesman, returned to the House today after a visit to America, but it is not known whether he will speak.

The third reading of the bill will take place next week, and there may be a short debate. Monday and Tuesday are the likely dates, but which day has not been decided.

General Lord Ismay, the Viceroy's Chief of Staff, who is here for discussion with the Government on the transfer of power arrangements, is expected to be in England for another week or at any rate until the Independence Bill is passed. Today, he had conferences with high officials of the India Office. Within the first hours of his arrival yesterday, General Ismay conferred personally with Mr. Clement Attlee and Lord Lincolnton, and also had a meeting with the full India experts group of the Cabinet.

MAERSK LINE**Notice To Consignees**

The M.V. "Laura Maersk" having arrived from New York and Ports of Call, Consignees of cargo are hereby notified that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given 48 hours prior to vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th July, 1947, will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 14th July, 1947, @ 10 a.m. by our Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

All claims must reach us before the 9th August, 1947, or they will not be recognized.

No Insurance will be effected.

JEBSSEN & CO.,
Agents
Hongkong, 9th July, 1947.**Notice to Consignees**

S.S. "TAKSANG" from Calcutta, & Singapore Arrived 2nd July, 1947

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed in the premises of the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. Ltd. between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12.00 noon on 11th July, 1947. Consignees are warned that claims for damage or shortages may not be accepted if the damage is not surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of Consignees at this appointed time and Consignees are advised to have their Representatives present during the Survey.

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INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.**SHE NOW RISKS IT**Deal, England, July 8.
Mrs. Marjorie Hyde shed her reticence today in view of newspaper reports about the flying saucers and disclosed that she saw one on June 30 coming in at a low altitude from the sea.
"I have been reticent about it because I didn't want to be laughed at," she said.
Her explanation of her husband's theory in the "had one too many" — United Press.**POST OFFICE MAIL NOTICE****Outward Mails**Unless otherwise stated, registered Articles and Parcel Posts close 10 minutes earlier than ordinary mail.
THURSDAY, JULY 10
Formosa via Takan, 10 a.m.
Sailon, 10 a.m.
Swatow, 1 p.m.
Bangkok, 10 a.m. and Honolulu, Noon.
Canton (by Train), 1.30 p.m.
U.S.A., Central and South America and San Francisco, Kowloon C.P.O. (Per and Rec.) 1 p.m., (Ord.) 1.30 p.m., (P.O.) (Per and Rec.) 1.30 p.m., (Ord.) 2 p.m.
Manila P.I. and Macassar, 3 p.m.
Ordinary letters & cards only for Japan, 3 p.m.
Kongmoon, 4 p.m.
Macao, Tientsin and Shikhi, 4 p.m.
Canton, 5 p.m.
Airmail for Bangkok, Singapore, Batavia, Colombo, Sydney and Auckland, Kowloon C.P.O. (Per.) 2.30 p.m., (Ord.) 3 p.m.; G.P.O. (Per.) 3 p.m., (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
Airmail for Swatow and Amoy; Airmail for Canton, Hailow and Shanghai, (Per.) 3 p.m., (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
FRIDAY, JULY 11
Formosa via Keelung, 10 a.m.
Bangkok, 10 a.m.
Manila P.I., 10 a.m.
Swatow, Noon.
Tsamkong (Kowloonwharf), Noon.
Canton (by Train), 1.30 p.m.
Straits and Rougon, 3 p.m.
Canada via Vancouver B.C. (Per and Rec.) 2.30 p.m., (Ord.) 3 p.m.
Kongmoon, 4 p.m.
Macao, Tientsin and Shikhi, 4 p.m.
Canton (by Train), 5 p.m.
Airmail for Batavia and Paris, (Per.) 3 p.m., (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
Airmail for Bangkok, Hongkong, Calcutta, Karachi, Ceylon, Java, Kowloon, Saigon, Sydney and Auckland, (Per.) 3 p.m., (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
Airmail for Singapore, Colombo, Sourabaya, Sydney and Auckland, (Per.) 3 p.m., (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
Airmail for Japan (ordinary letters and cards only), 3 p.m.
Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking, (Per.) 3 p.m., (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
Airmail for Canton and Hailow, (Per.) 3 p.m., (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.**SHIPYARD DEATH**A verdict of "Accidental death," with no blame attached to anyone, was returned by Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday at the conclusion of the inquiry into the death of Ng Tin, 32, welder employed at Bailey's Shipyard, Hung Hom.
Decensed died as the result of an electric shock received while working on the S/S "Chin Sing" which was under repairs at the Shipyard, at about 4 p.m. on June 9.

The S/S "Flying Scud" is due from Manila at daylight today and will moor to a Central Quay. She will sail for San Francisco direct this afternoon.

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S.S. "TAKSANG" To Straits & Calcutta 29th July

ARRIVALS

S.S. "KWAISANG" from Calcutta Straits & Saigon 13th July
S.S. "WINGSANG" Shanghai & Keelung 13th July
S.S. "HINSANG" from Sandakan 17th July

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"LINDFIELD VICTORY"	2nd Aug.	Shanghai & Taku
"NEW ZEALAND VICTORY"	21st Aug.	Manila
"PACIFIC TRANSPORT"	2nd Sept.	Manila & Cebu
"GREENVILLE VICTORY"	6th Sept.	Shanghai, Taku & Yokohama
"CAPITAL VICTORY"	17th Sept.	Manila

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19TH/20TH JULY

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ENGLAND WELL ON TOP

Set For Victory In Test Match

London, July 9.
South Africa, losing their last six wickets for 60 runs in 55 minutes were dismissed for 267 in their second innings and left England to get 129 runs in two and a half hours to win the Third Test.
South Africa's collapse on a tricky wicket followed some brilliant batting by Dudley Nourse, who scored 115 in two hours and 25 minutes and hit two sixes and 13 fours.
Nourse, batting superbly, at last, after a long and tiring day, was able to get the bowlers aggressive by and scoring with well-timed

Bisley Shooting

BISLEY, JULY 9.
LIEUT. GENERAL SIR PHILIP NEAMA, VICTORIA CROSS OF THE FIRST WORLD WAR AND GOVERNOR OF GUERNSEY, HAS WON THE WIMBORNE CUP AT THE NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION MEETING HERE.
Firing at 600 yards, he started with one inner and then made nine consecutive bulls. With a score of 49 out of 50 he beat all other Bisley experts.
Sir Philip has entered the contest in the "honour class," restricted to shooting for honour and not money prizes.
Today's principal event was the first stage of the St. George Challenge Vase, second in importance to the King's Prize.
Leading scores were by Captain D.S. Swanton, late Royal Navy, and Lieut. A. Moody, of HMS Excellent, Portsmouth, who made 71 of a possible 75.
Among the 75s was A.G. Fulton, the only man to win the King's Prize three times and who won the St. George Vase 34 years ago when a private in the Queen's Westminster Rifles.
Today, he beat his son, Major Fulton, by two points.—Reuter.

May Lose Title

New Jersey, July 8.
Jackie Paterson, British holder of the world flyweight championship, is in danger of losing his title declared vacant if he does not meet Dado Marino on July 16.
The fight has twice been postponed owing to the ill-health of Paterson, and the National Boxing Association of the United States has suggested that the title be vacated in the event of Paterson not going through with the fight on July 16.
The American body has called the secretary of the British board proposing that Marino fight Rinty Monaghan, of Ireland, for the title, as the Irishman is next on the list of the National Boxing Association contenders after Marino.—Reuter.

ST. LEGER

London, July 9.
The St. Leger, last of the flat racing season's "triple crown" classics for three year olds will be run at Doncaster, on Saturday, September 13, instead of the traditional Wednesday, September 10.
This was announced today by the Stewards of the Jockey Club after consultation with government officials who have requested that crowd-pulling races be postponed to Saturday instead of weekdays to reduce truancy in factories.—Associated Press.

U.S. BASEBALL CLASSIC

Chicago, July 8.
American League won the 14th annual All-Star Major League game today by defeating the National League 2-1. The result follows:
R. H. E.
American League 2 8 0
National League 1 5 1
American: P. Newhouse, Shea, Masterson, Page, c. Reas.
National: P. Blackwell, Brecheen, Sain, Spain; c. Cooper, Mast.—United Press.

Printed and published for the proprietors, The Newspaper Enterprise, Limited, by WALTER JAMES KEATES, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

Pokfulam Incident

O. E. Julebin, clerk of Cathay Pacific Airways, pleaded guilty to all charges and was fined \$20 on an order and cautioned on the others by Mr. Springall at the Central Magistracy when he was charged with having discharged a 22 rifle at a place other than the New Territories for game and target practice, for discharging a firearm within 200 yards of an occupied dwelling, 175A Sassoon Road and for failing to notify the Commissioner of Police of his change of address.
S. J. Dewar, stated that on June 1 defendant went to the back of No. 175A Sassoon Road occupied by Dr. and Mrs. Ng and enquired if a bird that he had just shot had fallen in to the yard. Mrs. Ng asked the defendant who was and was informed that he was a possessor of an arms licence and was from the Police Department.
The defendant then went away and shortly after more shots were heard, but Mrs. Ng could not determine who fired or where the firing took place.

Old Resident's Death

An old resident of Hong Kong Mr. Fernando Alfredo Vieira-Ribeiro, died early yesterday morning at the age of 64.
The funeral took place in the day at the Roman Catholic Cemetery, Happy Valley with the Rev. Fr. Q. de Assunção, assisted by the Rev. Fr. D. Bazzo and Fr. J. M. Merino conducting the service.
He is survived by a wife, Mrs. Milly Vieira-Ribeiro, two sons, Tony and Alberto, and a daughter, Vira.
In addition to the chief mourners, son-in-law Mr. H. S. Remedios and brothers A. J. V. and J. A. V. Ribeiro, those who attended included Messrs J. B. Pomeroy, F. M. Pereira, C. L. Rocha, L. Lima, C. Cunha F. S. Soares, C. F. V. V. Ribeiro, Ribeiro, Angelo Ribeiro, G. A. V. Ribeiro, A. Barreto, A. Ribeiro, C. Ribeiro, G. V. Ribeiro, J. A. V. Ribeiro, C. V. Ribeiro, L. A. V. Ribeiro, C. V. Ribeiro, M. A. Carvalho, R. Noronha, C. Noronha, D. E. Carvalho, A. M. Tavares, F. J. V. Ribeiro, Mrs. H. Ribeiro and many others.
Funeral tributes were from Milly, Alberto, Leo, Gilberto and Ronaldo, Tony, Betty and George Pat. Edith and Luke, Aurea and Nena, Nina and Charlie, Johnnie and Elia, Henry Vira and children, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Tan, Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Cheng and the Yau family.

Parking Prosecutions

When yesterday's traffic summonses were heard by Mr. d'Almada at Central, two drivers appeared because they were alleged to have parked their cars on Queen's Road and left them unattended for 15 to 30 minutes.
The cases against both defendants, Mrs. B. J. Clark and Mr. Frank Grose, were dismissed as Mr. d'Almada was satisfied that the traffic inspector "there is no sign whatsoever to indicate that parking is not allowed in that particular area."
Mrs. Turner was fined \$20 for parking her car in Queen's Street. Defendant did not appear but sent a representative who pleaded guilty on her behalf.

DIVAN RAIDED

Fung Sau Chun, keeper of an opium den, was sentenced to 18 months imprisonment without the option of a fine when she pleaded guilty before Mr. F. X. d'Almada at the Central Magistracy yesterday.
Eleven smokers were fined \$20 or 14 days and an order for eviction was granted.
C. I. Smith outlining the case told the court that he, with a police party, raided the first floor of No. 4 Chung King Street at about 7.00 p.m. on July 8. In the rear cubicle which was used as a divan were three bunks and 11 men were found smoking. The first defendant was in the passage way and admitted that she was the keeper.

ARAB BOYCOTT

Jerusalem, July 9.
The Arab Higher Committee has decided to turn down the latest UNSCOP request for Arab cooperation at the meeting on Thursday, it was reliably learned today.
Yesterday an issue of the Arabic weekly, "Nida el Ard," was stolen from the printing press, presumably because it carried a report that several members of the Palestine Arab Boycott Committee had met the UNSCOP delegate, Sir Abdul Rahman.—United Press.

Palmer Case To Be Reviewed: Application Granted

Canton Cutting Staff

Canton, July 9.
Four hundred ninety-eight civil servants belonging to the Kwangtung Provincial Government and its affiliated units will be discharged on account of the heavy deficit in the budget, which was brought about by the recent increase of salaries. It has been decided at the regular meeting of the Provincial Executive Committee this afternoon.
The new salary scale has increased the pay roll for the civil personnel under the Provincial Government by millions of dollars per month. Since there is no adequate means to meet the deficit, the authorities reluctantly resorted to cutting down the number of civil servants.
However, several principles were laid down for each responsible head to settle this problem for his own unit: (1) any unit having a staff less than 25 persons will need no cut; (2) a unit having a staff from 26 to 50 must cut 10%; (3) a staff from 51 to 100 must cut 15%; (4) a staff from 101 to 150 must cut 20%; (5) a staff from 151 to 200 must cut 25%; (6) a staff from 201 up must cut 30%. This cut will be effective in August. It is also authoritatively learned the Kwangtung Industrial Corporation, having a staff of 210 persons, has decided to cut over 50 staff members.—KPN.

SOVIET WARNING DISREGARDED

The United Nations Security Council today adopted the American plan of work for the disarmament commission, disregarding Soviet warnings that the action would invite the collapse of all arms-scraping efforts.
Russia refrained from vetoing the work plan and abstained from voting as the loosely knit work programme was passed by the Council—9-0. Poland also abstained.
The Soviet warnings, aimed at the majority's refusal to link the ordinary arms scrapping talks with discussions of atomic control and at the failure of the American work plan, call for specific studies of such questions as national war production and locations of military and naval bases.
The Council authorized the Disarmament Commission to distribute its work among the committees and handed it a broad mandate to "consider and make recommendations to the Security Council concerning armaments and armed forces which fall within the jurisdiction of the commission on conventional armaments." The decision shelved for a while at least the manoeuvre which American officials interpreted as a Soviet attempt to confuse atomic control negotiations.
Earlier, Russia's Andrei Gromyko warned the Council that approval of the United States plan would invite a collapse of all efforts to disarm the world. He chided the Council for supporting the United States plan the approval of which is necessary before the commission on disarmament could begin work. Gromyko said, "The lack of relationship between the problem of prohibiting atomic weapons and that of general reduction of armaments could bring irreparable harm."
Gromyko was answered by the

Palmer Case To Be Reviewed: Application Granted

American Aid For Germany

Mr. Averell Harriman, the United States Secretary for Commerce, today met representatives of the German miners union at Villa Huegel, the former home of Krupp, the industrialist.
Mr. Harriman explained the American food-export plans for Germany, but said that resistance among some Americans to so thorough going relief measure could be overcome only if the German miners did not strike, but worked seriously for reconstruction.
Miners' representatives told Mr. Harriman that they would not barter their demand for nationalisation of mines for the possibility of foreign help. Mr. Harriman assured them that the United States did not wish to interfere in the internal affairs of the countries it was assisting.—Reuter.

PRINCESS ELIZABETH'S BETROTHAL

(Continued from Page 1)
The Princess will not be created Princess of Wales. This title traditionally is reserved for the Heir Apparent and as long as there is a possibility that the King might have a son, to whom the crown would descend instead of to Elizabeth, the Princess remains only the heiress presumptive.
It is generally expected in London society that the Royal wedding will take place at Westminster Abbey in the autumn with the Archbishop of Canterbury officiating.—United Press.
Palace Statement
After a deluge of inquiries from all parts of the world Buckingham Palace took the unusual course of commenting twice in a single day on a single matter.
In mid-afternoon the Palace officially announced: "The King has authorized no statement as to the engagement of Princess Elizabeth at present but one will be made within the next day or so which will clear up the whole situation."
Lieutenant Philip Mountbatten left the Naval Training College at Cosham where he is an instructor on "extended summer leave" today and drove his car to Buckingham Palace. He was with their Majesties and Princess Elizabeth shortly after 1 p.m.
His mother, Princess Alice of Greece, staying at a London hotel, declined to comment on the romance but said she expected to be in England into October after which she will probably visit her sister, the Crown Princess of Sweden.—United Press.

Russia Must Be Held For Ten Years

Washington, July 9.
A conviction that the United States must deal with Russia for many years "as a rival and not as a partner" is expressed in a highly authoritative but anonymously published article which is attracting much diplomatic attention.
It outlines the view that if the Soviet Union can be held in check for the next decade or longer, the result may be either a more cooperative attitude or a breakdown of Russian power.
The article is published in the July issue of "Foreign Affairs," the quarterly magazine, under the signature "Mr. X."
There is speculation among diplomatic officials that it sets forth the thinking of George Kennan, chief of Secretary of State George Marshall's new policy planning staff.
The theme of the article is that Soviet leaders hope for and expect an eventual breakdown of the capitalist world, that meanwhile they justify their dictatorship by preaching inside Russia "the menace" of capitalist encirclement and abroad they follow a practice of expanding into all areas where other powers are weak.
One key to all Soviet action, according to Mr. X, is that the Russians have no timetable and constantly can retreat or expand according to the counter-forces set up against them.
The writer argues, however, that they cannot always, as a matter of tactics, wait and accomplish nothing. He speculates that if the United States along with the other western nations can follow a policy of "firm containment" of the Soviet Union for 10 or 15 years the result may be either a "mellowing" or a breakdown of Russian power.—Associated Press.

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